THE COLUMBIAN.
(COLUMBIA DEMOCRAT, STAR OF THE NORTH AND COLUMBIAN CONSOLIDATED.)

Issued weekly, every Friday morning, at
BLOOMSBURG, COLUMBIA COUNTY, PA.

TWO DOLLARS per year, 50 cents discount allowed when paid in advance. After the expiration of the year $2.50 will be charged. To subscribers out of the county the terms are $2 per year, strictly in advance.

No paper discontinued, except at the option of the publishers, until all arrearages are paid, but long continued credits after the expiration of the first year will not be given.

All papers sent out of the State or to distant post offices must be paid for in advance, unless a responsible person in Columbia county assumes to pay the subscription due on demand.

POSTAGE is no longer exacted from subscribers in the county.

JOB PRINTING.

The Jobbing Department of the COLUMBIAN is very complete, and our Job Printing will compare favorably with that of the large cities. All work done on demand, neatly and at moderate prices.

The Columbian.

C. B. BROCKWAY, } Editors and Proprietors.
G. E. ELWELL, }

BLOOMSBURG, PA., FRIDAY, AUGUST 22, 1879.

THE COLUMBIAN, VOL. XIII, NO. 35
COLUMBIA DEMOCRAT, VOL. XLIV, NO. 26

RATES OF ADVERTISING.

SPACE.	1M.	2M.	3M.	6M.	1Y.
One inch	$2.00	[illegible]	$3.00	$5.00	$8.00
Two inches	3.00	4.00	5.00	8.00	12.00
Three inches	4.00	4.50	7.00	12.00	18.00
Four inches	5.00	7.00	9.00	13.00	20.00
Quarter column	6.00	8.00	10.00	15.00	25.00
Half column	10.00	13.00	18.00	25.00	50.00
One column	20.00	25.00	30.00	50.00	100.00

Yearly advertisements payable quarterly. Transient advertisements must be paid for before inserted except where parties have accounts.

Legal advertisements two dollars per inch for three insertions, and at that rate for additional insertions without reference to length.

Executor's, Administrator's and Auditor's notices three dollars. Must be paid for when inserted.

Transient or Local notices, twenty cents a line regular advertisements half rates.

Cards in the "Business Directory" column, one dollar per year for each line.

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Associate Judges—I. K. Krickbaum, F. L. Shuman.
Prothonotary, &c.—William Krickbaum.
Court Stenographer—S. N. Walker.
Register & Recorder—Williamson H. Jacoby.
District Attorney—Robert R. Little.
Sheriff—John W. Hoffman.
Surveyor—Samuel Neyhard.
Treasurer—H. A. Sweppenheiser.
Commissioners—Stephen Pohe, Charles Richart, A. B. Herring.
Commissioners' Clerk—J. B. Casey.
Auditors—S. H. Smith, W. Manning, C. B. Seesholtz.
Jury Commissioners—Eli Robbins, Theodore W. Smith.
County Superintendent—William H. Snyder.
Bloom Poor District—Directors—R. S. Ent, Scott, Wm. Kramer, Bloomsburg and Thomas Reece, Scott.

Bloomsburg Official Directory.

President of Town Council—I. S. KUHN.
Clerk—Paul E. Wirt.
Chief of Police—D. Laycock.
President of Gas Company—S. Knorr.
Secretary—C. W. Miller.
Bloomsburg Banking Company—John A. Funston, President, H. H. Grotz, Cashier, John Peacock, Teller.
First National Bank—Charles R. Paxton, President J. P. Tustin, Cashier.
Columbia County Mutual Saving Fund and Loan Association—E. H. Little, President, C. W. Miller, Secretary.
Bloomsburg Building and Saving Fund Association—Wm. Peacock, President, J. B. Robison, Secretary.
Bloomsburg Mutual Saving Fund Association—J. J. Brower, President, P. E. Wirt, Secretary.

CHURCH DIRECTORY.

BAPTIST CHURCH.
Rev. J. P. Tustin, (Supply.)
Sunday Services—10½ a. m. and 6½ p. m.
Sunday School—9 a. m.
Prayer Meeting—Every Wednesday evening at 6½ o'clock.
Seats free. The public are invited to attend.

ST. MATTHEW'S LUTHERAN CHURCH.
Minister—Rev. G. D. S. Marclay.
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Sunday School—9 a. m.
Prayer Meeting—Every Wednesday evening at 7½ o'clock.
Seats free. No pews rented. All are welcome.

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Minister—Rev. Stuart Mitchell.
Sunday Services—10½ a. m. and 6½ p. m.
Sunday School—9 a. m.
Prayer Meeting—Every Wednesday evening at 6½ o'clock.
Seats free. No pews rented. Strangers welcome.

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Minister—Rev. E. H. Yocum.
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Sunday School—2 p. m.
Bible Class—Every Monday evening at 6½ o'clock.
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General Prayer Meeting—Every Thursday evening 7 o'clock.

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Corner of Third and Iron streets.
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Sunday Services—10½ a. m. and 7 p. m.
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Prayer Meeting—Saturday, 7 p. m.
All are invited There is always room.

ST. PAUL'S CHURCH.
Rector—Rev L. Zahner.
Sunday Services—10½ a. m., 7½ p. m.
Sunday School—9 a. m.
First Sunday in the month, Holy Communion.
Services preparatory to Communion on Friday evening before the 1st Sunday in each month.
Pews rented; but everybody welcome.

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Presiding Elder—Rev. A. L. Reeser
Minister—Rev. George Hunter.
Sunday Service—2 p. m., in the Iron Street Church.
Prayer Meeting—Every Sabbath at 2 p. m.
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Meets in "the little Brick Church on the hill,"—known as the Welsh Baptist Church—on Rock street east of Iron.
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Seats free; and the public are cordially invited to attend

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BLOOMSBURG DIRECTORY.

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C. G. BARKLEY, Attorney-at-Law. Office in Brower's building, 2nd story, Rooms 4 & 5

J. B. ROBISON, Attorney-at-Law. Office in Hartman's building, Main street.

SAMUEL KNORR. Attorney-at-Law, Office in Hartman's Building, Main street.

DR. WM. M. REBER, Surgeon and Physician. Office Market street. Above 5th East side.

J. R. EVANS, M. D., Surgeon and Physician, (Office and Residence on Third street,

J. B. McKELVY, M. D., Surgeon and Physician, north side Main street, below Market.

DR. J. C. RUTTER,
PHYSICIAN & SURGEON,
Office, North Market street,
Mar.27,'74— Bloomsburg, Pa.

DR. I. L. RABB,
PRACTICAL DENTIST,
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☞ Teeth extracted without pain.
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AUGUSTUS FREUND, Practical homeopathic Horse and Cow Doctor, Bloomsburg, Pa. feb. 14, '79-tf

W. Y. KESTER,
MERCHANT TAILOR,
RoomNo. 15, OPERA HOUSE BUILDING, Bloomsburg.
april19,1878.

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The citizens of Columbia county should patronize the agency where losses, if any, are adjusted and paid by one of their own citizens. nov.16, '77-1y

FREAS BROWN'S INSURANCE AGENCY, Exchange Hotel, Bloomsburg, Pa.

	Capital.
Ætna, Ins Co., of Hartford, Connecticut	6,500,000
Liverpool, London and Globe	20,000,000
Royal of Liverpool	13,500,000
Lancashire	10,000,000
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Farmers Mutual of Danville	1,000,000
Danville Mutual	75,000
Home, New York	5,800,000
	$60,631,000

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March 26,'77—y

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Office on Market Street No. 8, Bloomsburg, Pa.
oct. 26, '77-1y.

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ORANGEVILLE ACADEMY
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LEAST OUTLAY OF MONEY.
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REV. C. K. CANFIELD.
April18, 1879-tf

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Jan. 11, 1878

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Collections made in any part of America or Europe

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Bloomsburg, Pa.
Office over Schuyler's Hardware Store.

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ATTORNEY AT LAW.
OFFICE—In Harman's Building, Main street, Bloomsburg, Pa.

H. LITTLE. ROB'T. R. LITTLE.
E. H. & R. R. LITTLE,
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Bloomsburg, Pa.

C. W. MILLER,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW
Office in Brower's building, second floor, room No. 1. Bloomsburg, Pa.

B. FRANK ZARR,
Attorney-at-Law,
BLOOMSBURG, PA.
Office in UNANGST'S BUILDING, on Main street second door above Centre.
Can be consulted in German.
Jan. 10, '79-tf

CATAWISSA.

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Collections promptly made and remitted. Office opposite Catawissa Deposit Bank. 6m-38

W. H. RHAWN,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,
Catawissa, Pa.
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July 11, '79-tf

CLARK F. HARDER,
BUILDER AND MANUFACTURER OF
Doors, Sash, Blinds, Mouldings, Brackets,
and dealer in LUMBER and all kinds of BUILDING MATERIAL, HARDWARE,&c.,
THIRD STREET, CATAWISSA, PA.
May 16, '79-3m*

BLATCHLEY'S PUMPS!
The Old Reliable
STANDARD PUMP
For Wells 10 to 75 feet Deep
New Price List Jan. 1, 1879.
ADDRESS
C. G. BLATCHLEY,
440 MARKET ST., PHILAD'A,
April 11, 1879-6m

THE GREAT ENGLISH REMEDY!
GRAY'S SPECIFIC MEDICINE
TRADE MARK. TRADE MARK.
Is especially recommended as an unfailing cure for seminal weakness, Spermatorrhea, Impotency, and all diseases, such as Loss of memory, Universal Lassitude, Pain in the Back, Dimness of Vision, Premature Old Age, and many other diseases that lead to Insanity, Consumption and a Premature Grave, all of which as a rule are first caused by deviating from the path of nature and over indulgence. The Specific Medicine is the result of a life study and many years of experience in treating these special diseases.
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Full particulars in our pamphlets, which we desire to send free by mail to every one.
The Specific Medicine is sold by all Druggists at $1 per package, or six packages for $5, or will be sent by mail on receipt of the money by addressing
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No. 10, Mechanic's Block, Detroit, Mich.
Sold in Bloomsburg by C. A. Kleim, and by all Druggists everywhere.
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sept. 6, '78-tf

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Carriages, Buggies, Phaetons, Sleighs,
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First-class work always on hand.
REPAIRING NEATLY DONE.
Prices reduced to suit the times.
Jan. 5, 1877-tf.

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Should subscribe for
THE EDUCATOR,
A Live Educational Monthly, published at
ORANGEVILLE, PA.,
for 50 cents per year. Send six cents for specimen copy.
C. K. CANFIELD, Editor.
April 18, 1879-tf

$2,000 A YEAR for honest, intelligent business men or agents. New business; light work. Address CO-OPERATIVE AGENCY, Madison, Ind.
June 27, 1879-4m

Private Sale!

The following valuable property, the Estate of the late John Swisher, deceased, will be offered at private sale up to
SEPTEMBER 1st 1879.
The property is situate in the village of Jerseytown, Columbia county Pa., and contains about
FIFTY ACRES
of excellent farming land upon which are TWO HOUSES, BARN, and other out buildings, and is one of the finest localities in the county. There are
TWO GOOD ORCHARDS
on the premises.
☞ For information concerning the property apply to C. B. Brockway, of Bloomsburg, or T. J. Swisher, of Jerseytown.
May 23,-ts

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Cor. Chestnut and Eighth Sts.
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ESTIMATES at Lowest Cash Rates free for Newspaper Advertising.
Send 25c. for AYER & SON'S MANUAL.

Poetical.

SPELLING IN THE NURSERY.

BY EARL MARBLE.

"G-u-n," said Grace to Willie;
"What does that spell?" "I don't know,"
He is three and she is seven.
"G-u-n! Goose?" "Oh, dear, no!"
"Rooster? Boy? Stick?" Each time
Grace shook her curly head.
"Taint conundrums I am giving,
But a lesson-word instead."

"When a little boy shoots
At a rabbit, what goes off?",
Grace said, her face a study,
As she quelled a little cough,
Thinking he would surely guess it.
"You're so stupid I'm quite hoarse
Talking to you." "What goes off?
Why, the rabbit does, of course."

HAVE HOPE.

BY FATHER RYAN.

The shadow of the mountain falls athwart the lowly plain,
And the shadow of the cloundlet hangs above the mountain's head—
And the highest hearts and the lowest wear the shadow of some pain,
And the smile is scarcely flitted ere the anguished tear is shed.

For no eyes have there been ever without a weary tear,
And those lips cannot be human which never heaved a sigh;
For without the dreary winter there has never been a year,
And the tempests hide their terrors in the calmest summer sky.

So this dreary life is passing—and we move amid its maze,
And we grope along together, half in darkness, half in light;
And our hearts are often hardened by the mysteries of our ways,
Which are never all in shadow and never wholly bright.

And our dim eyes ask a beacon and our weary feet a guide,
And our hearts of all life's mysteries seek the meaning and the key;
And a cross gleams o'er our pathway, on it hangs the crucified,
And He answers all our yearnings by the whisper, "Follow Me."

Select Story.

NOBODY BUT A PRINTER.

From Christian Telegraph.

'Oh! he's only a printer,' exclaimed Miss Ellen Dupree, a flirting and foppish girl, to one of her female friends, who was speaking in terms of praise and commendation of Mr. Barton Williams, a young and very intelligent printer.

'Well, Miss Ellen, you seem to speak as though a printer was not entitled to respectability. I hope you'll explain yourself,' replied Miss Mary Crossman.

'Well, I hope you'll excuse me. I do not think it becoming for a young man who has to labor for a living, to try to move into the society of those who are his superiors. And moreover, he might win the affections of a girl superior to him in rank; and then do you think her parents would be pleased? I know I would rather live an old maid all my days than marry a poor printer—a man who has to toil day and night; and then oh! to think of being ranked among the poor!' whined out Miss Dupree.

'Then you think they are beneath you.'

'Yes, ma'am, of course.'

'Both in worth and intellect too, I suppose; do you not?'

'Yes everything.'

'Are you superior to a Franklin, to a Blackstone, to a Campbell, and many other eminent men who were printers? Or do you believe your intellectual powers soar above those of a Forney or a Willis, and many other distinguished printers of the present day?'

'O, now and then you may come across one that is respectable; but they are 'few and far between.' And as to Mr. Williams, I do not consider him a Franklin or a Blackstone, or any one else much.'

'Nor do I consider him a Franklin or a Blackstone either; but I do think him a very intelligent and handsome young man, and worthy of any young lady's attention, and I expect to treat him as such.'

'Well, I expect to consider him beneath my notice.'

'Now, Miss Dupree, I think you ought to reflect upon what you are saying, and have some regard for my feelings. You know not what you may come to, before you die.'

'Well I don't think I shall ever come to be the wife of a printer, or any body who has to labor; nor do I intend to countenance such.

Miss Crossman remained silent for some time, while her face reddened with indignation. Mr. Williams was her lover, and a very good looking man, he was of ordinary size fair complexion, dark hair, beautiful whiskers of jet black, and a high and prominent forehead—lively and intelligent in conversation, and fluent and affable in his address.'

A gentle rap was heard at the door, and the servant immediately announced Mr. Willliams. He entered the parlor, and Miss Crossman rose and introduced them—

'Miss Dupree, Mr. Williams.'

Miss Dupree affected to be polite returned a slight bow, and coolly said—

'Good evening, sir.'

Mr. Williams and Miss Crossman conversed freely, mostly upon literary subjects, upon which both were well posted; and, of course they entertained each other pleasantly while Miss Dupree sat as though she was in despair—now and then giving a lazy nod of assent or dissent to any and everything said to her. Mr. Williams was gone, and Miss Dupree turned to Miss Crossman.

'Mary, I am really astonished at you. You are certainly in love with that fellow. Well, you may do as you like, but I assure you I'll never condescend to keep company with a printer,' mumbled Miss Dupree.

THE SEQUEL.

Ten years were past. A man and his wife were seated before a blazing fire. The evening was extremely cold, and the wind blew fiercely and keen. Yes, and the editor of the "Tribune" was housed, with his wife, in their stately mansion, furnished in the best style, and lighted brilliantly with costly chandeliers. They were the happy parents of four intelligent and interesting children. It was about the hour after sundown and the bell had rung for tea. A rap was heard at the street door and upon opening it, there stood a woman, pale and dejected, and apparently not far from the grave. She had with her three ragged children, shivering with cold. The gentleman and his lady kindly asked them in to the fire.

'Sir,' said the poor woman, 'will you be pleased to give me a little money to buy some bread for my hungry children? My husband has been drinking for the last three weeks, and left me without a morsel to give these poor innocents, or any fuel to keep them warm,' and then she wept bitterly.

'Where do you live, ma'am?' said the gentleman.

'In the garret of the old Phœnix Hotel, sir.'

'How long has your husband been addicted to drink?' asked the gentleman's wife.

'About three years.'

'Madame,' rejoined the generous editor, 'I am truly sorry for you, and of course shall bestow upon you such charity as I think you Will you relate your misfortunes?—I always feel a deep sympathy for the unfortunate.'

'Mine is a sad story. I was bro't up in affluence; my father was a wealthy merchant in Chatham street. My husband was also rich when we were married. We took a tour to Europe and returned home, and we lived happily and prosperously for two years. Mr. Brooks was a gay and fashionable young man. He spent his money freely, and we lived extravagantly. Three years more and he was considerably on the declining ground and finally, by high living and unnecessary expenditures of money, we were dispossessed of our home and reduced to abject poverty, I and then my husband took to drink, and now am a beggar, with these children depending on my success for a living. And as such I beseech you, in behalf of my poor little children, to bestow upon me such charity as you feel disposed to give.'

Her story was told and met a kind response from a generous heart. The lady of the house recognized the poor woman; but she did not yet feel disposed to make herself known, but ushered them into the dining room, and sat down with them to a warm supper.

'Madame,' said the lady, 'what was your maiden name?'

'Ellen Dupree.'

'Oh! Ellen, have you come to this?'

The poor woman was so, overcome with gratitude and surprise, that she could not utter a single work. She thought the lady's voice was a familiar one; she had heard it before, but could not remember when or where; and after a long time she murmured—

'I think I have known you in time, but I can't remember your name. What is your name, my good lady?'

'Mary Crossman was my name when I knew you.'

'Mary who?'

'Mary Crossman.'

'My God! Who is your husband?'

'Oh! he's nobody but a printer.'

The poor woman remembered being introduced, before her marriage, to Mr. Williams, and she remembered, too, how coolly and indifferently she treated him on that occasion. Yes, 'nobody but a printer' went like a dagger to her heart. That 'printer' was now her benefactor and her friend.

Young ladies, if you marry an industrious and intelligent young man, and become wealthy in your old age, you do well, but if you marry a vain, foppish dandy, of the non compos mentis order, and should be brought from affluence in youth to beggary in old age, you do worse.

Remember that, ladies, and make the proper improvement.

Ghost-Stricken Schuylkill.

It is only on rare occasions that the people of Schuylkill county take any stock in ghost stories and when they do the witness must be of unimpeachable character and not given to exaggerating. Such a story, however, comes from reliable authority at the foot of Broad Mountain, on the Centre turnpike, and those who have heard it are inclined to believe it. The two young men who had their hair curled by the apparition are James R. Porter and Henry Redinghouse. On one occasion they drove out of Newcastle to visit the house of a friend named Kirshlings' who lives on Broad Mountain, and they left Kirshilings' about 11 o'clock for home. After driving a mile or so, Redinghouse noticed that the horse was trembling violently and evinced a desire to stop. He applied the whip freely and under its influence the horse moved on a few yards; but then came to a standstill and refused to be either coaxed or driven further. While the occupants of the wagon were debating who should get out and lead the horse, Potter looked down the road and to his horror saw a strange white object rise out of the ground. Redinghouse saw the apparition about the same time; but supposed it to be a cow. The horse now became perfectly wild and uncontrollable and the wagon was backed off the road until the hind wheels rested in a gully. In the meantime the spook took the form of a gigantic man, clothed from head to foot in white, and marched toward the now thoroughly frightened men with majestic strides. When the figure was within about fifty yards of the wagon it stopped, and beckoned the men to approach. It is perhaps unnecessary to say the invitation was not accepted, although Porter asserts that he did not feel as frightened then as he did when the spook vanished. The figure remained in the road about ten minutes, Mr. Porter thinks; but Redinghouse is confident that it was there much longer. The men also differ in their stories about the way the ghost disappeared. Porter, who by the way seems to have been the lion of the party, states that after remaining in the road about ten minutes it walked slowly to the west side and melted into a cloud of mist that floated away on the midnight air. On the other hand Redinghouse affirms that the 'spook,' after walking to the side of the road disappeared in the ground and out of the hole through which it made its exit came the cloud of light smoke that Porter saw wafted away by the wind. Redinghouse also wants it distinctly understood that the apparition was at least 15 feet high, had green eyes and wore long top boots, but Mr. Porter remembers none of those characteristics of his ghostship. After the figure disappeared the men whipped up the horse and drove to New Castle, where they told their strange story before going home. Both men were sober when they reached New Castle, and they state that no liquor had passed their lips that night.

Although this road has been traveled at all hours of the night, that is the first story of the kind ever located in the vicinity of Broad Mountain, and consequently many persons do not accept the story as gospel.—*Pottsville Journal.*

Are you billious? Do you feel drowsy? Have you the 'blues'? Take a dose of Dr. Bull's Baltimore Pills. Price 25 cents. All druggists keep them.

A FLIRT PUNISHED.

PROGRESS.

Scene, a theatre. Seated in the orchestra a lady and gentleman; the former much enamored of the latter, in fact, desirous of winning him. The lady, however, has flirting tendencies, and indulges them with a handsome party in the circle. The escort is not unobservant of this little byplay, and, finally, asks smilingly: 'Do you know that gentleman with whom you are flirting?'

An embarassed negative is the reply.

Tho escort immediately crosses the theatre, puts a similar question to the other conspirator, 'Sir, are you acquainted with the lady at whom you have been smiling this half hour.

'No!'

'Would you like to be?' pleasantly.

Very much surprised, 'certainly.'

'Then come with me.'

A moment later the escort introduces the not altogether comfortable pair. Then the mild expression leaves the insulted gentleman's face, and he says, sternly:

'Now, sir, you may accompany this lady home!'

With a bow he takes his leave, and the woman who loves him never hears his voice again.

SPREADING MANURE.

The old-fashioned method of plowing under manure has become obsolete. Good farmers now no longer follow old fashions because they are old; but having become used to think for themselves, and knowing much more of the science of their art than was known a score of years ago, they are ready to strike out new paths for themselves. The common method with manure now is, to keep it as near the surface. and to intermingle it with the soil, as much as possible. We have discovered that in feeding plants we must not only place the food within easy reach of the roots, but must also supply the best food in the best condition. These conditions are secured by a thorough mixture of the manure in as finely divided a condition as possible throughout the upper three or four inches of the soil.

The best practice is, to spread the manure upon the plowed ground and to work it in with the barrow. This is most conveniently done by having manure in fine condition. Fine manure may be made in two ways; either by piling it and rotting it in the heap, or by using only short litter. It is found in practice that it pays to cut the litter with a fodder cutter, so that it will not only absodding more of the liquid manure, but that it can be easily spread when fresh. The ordinary harrow will then mix the manure with the soil in the most effective manner. With long manure the work is not so easily done, but it may be accomplished by presevering. The manure will be drawn into heaps, doubtless, but by freeing the harrow and spreading these, and harrowing again, and again if necessary, the desired result will be attained. There are some improved kinds of harrows which do this work much better than others. The sloping-tooth harrow acts favorably by pressing the manure into the soil, and drawing the earth over it: the flexible chain harrow has the same effect; but the steel disc harrow not only does this but it cuts and breaks up the long litter, and reduces it to fragments. This harrow consists of a series of thin, sharp-edged discs, which revolve upon axles in a different direction from that of the movement of the implement. Each disc thus not only cuts into the soil behind it, this latter effect being assisted by the concave saucer shaped form of the disc. The result is very satisfactory either when sod has been turned down (and this comes under the head of manuring) or when coarse manure is to be spread; the soil, is left in a very favorable condition for sowing or planting. These short hints may be found seasonable at any time, because the makng and use of manure is a work of every day in the year in one way or another, or should be.—*American Agriculturist.*

THE GOOD FARMER.

He considereth a field and buyeth it. He looketh well to the title that his children may not become outcasts. He fences it around with a strong wall. His flocks and herds do not trespass upon the domains of neighbors, but increase and fatten within his own bounds. He ploweth deep. He harrows liberally and manures abundantly. He feeds the earth with rich food. At the harvest he reapeth much grain. He dots his land with fruit trees. His apples fill his chamber and his vineyards run over with pure wine. He riseth with the lark. The morning sun finds him at labor. He cometh from his fields when evening shadows gather, but he resteth from his labors in the heat of the day. He buildeth barns and storehouses. His cattle increase in numbers and his purse is filled with plenty. Whatever he doeth prospers, for his labors are directed by the wisdom of experience. He pays cash for his necessaries. His name is not found on the ledger of the merchant. His name is not a familiar one in the courts of justice. He pays tithes without grumbling. He bears his share of the public burdens. He casts his ballot as a free man, and seeks no office. His home is a paradise of beauty. Flowers and vines in great abundance please the senses, educate the taste and purify the soul. His sons and daughters are known in the land. They dispense his charities. The poor, the sick and afflicted are sought out and receive comfort and relief. He storeth the chambers of his brain with exact knowledge. His head and his hand are co-laborers. He reads the papers and profits by their teachings. He gives from his fountain of knowledge to all who ask. He is not puffed up with vanity, or filled with self-conceit and arrogance.

A teacher in one of the public schools was startled the other day at the answer she got from one bright little fellow. On the blackboard was the picture of an ostrich, and the teacher described its great strength and powers of endurance, closing by saying it was the only bird upon which a man could ride.

'I know another,' spoke up a little chap.

'Well, what is it it?'

'A lark.'

Unsuspectingly the teacher asked:

'How can you prove that, Johnny?'

'All I know about it is' said the boy, 'that mother every little while says father's off on a lark, and when he gets home he looks as if he had rode awful fast.'—*Springfield Republican.*

A MODERN SERMON.

The following exhibits the method upon which the average parson constructs his delectable discourses:

'Bretheren, the words of the text are:
Old Mother Hubbard, she went to the cupboard,
To get her poor dog a bone:
But when she got there the cupboard was bare,
And so the poor dog got none.'

'These beautiful words, dear friends, carry with them a solemn lesson. I propose this evening to analyze their meaning and to apply it, lofty as it may be to our everyday life.

Old mother Hubbard, she went to the cupboard,
To get her poor dog a bone.

'Mother Hubbard, you see, was old; there being no mention of others, we may presume she was alone; a widow, a friendless, old solitary widow. Yet did she despair? Did she sit down and weep, or read a novel, or wring her hands? No! *she went to the cupboard.* And here observe that she *went* to the cupboard. She did not hop, or skip or run, or jump, or use any other peripatetic artifice; she solely and merely *went* to the cupboard.

'We have seen that she was old and lonely, and we now further see that she was poor. For, mark, the words are '*the* cupboard.' Not 'one of the cupboards,' or the 'right-hand cupboard,' or the one above or the one below, or the one under the floor, but just *the* cupboard,—the one humble little cupboard the widow possessed. And why did she go to the cupboard? Was it to bring forth golden goblets, or glittering precious stones or costly apparel, or feasts, or any other attributes of wealth? *It was to get her poor dog a bone!* Not only was the widow poor, but her dog, the sole prop of her age, was poor too. We can imagine the scene. The poor dog crouching in the corner, looking wistfully at the solitary cupboard and the widow going to that cupboard—in hope, in expectation, maybe—to open it, although we are not distinctly told that it was not half open or ajar—to open it for that poor dog.

But when she got there the cupboard was bare,
And so the poor dog had none.

'When she got there¿' You see, dear brethern, what perseverance is. You see the beauty of perseverance in doing right, *she got there.* There was no turnings and twistings, no slippings and sliding, no leaning to the right or faltering to the left. With glorious simplicity we are told *she got there.*'

'And how was her noble effort rewarded?'

'The cupboard was bare!' It was bare! There were to be found neither oranges, cheesecakes, nor penny buns, nor gingerbreak, nor crackers, nor nuts nor lucifer matches. The cupboard was bare! There was but one, only one solitary cupboard in the whole of that cottage, and that one, the sole hope of the widow, and the glorious loadstar of the poor dog, was bare! Had there been a leg of mutton, a loin of lamb, a fillet of veal, even an ice, from Gutti's, the case would have been different, the incident would have been otherwise. But it was bare, my bretheren, bare as a bald head, bare as an infant born without a caul.

'Many of you will probably say, with all the pride of worldly sophistry. 'The widow, no doubt, went out and bought the dog a biscuit.' 'Ah, no! Far removed from these earthly ideas, these mundane desires, poor Mother Hubbard, the widow, who many thoughtless worldings would despise, in that she had only one cupboard, perceived—or I might even say—at once the relentless logic of the situation, and which had enabled her without deviation to reach the barren cupboard. She did not attempt, like the stiff-necked scoffers of this generation, to war against the inevitable; she did not try, like the so-called man of science, to explain what she did not understand. She said nothing. 'The poor dog had none!' And then at this point our information ceases. But do we know sufficient? Are we not cognizant of enough.'

'Who would dare to pierce the veil that shrouds the ulterior fate of Old Mother Hubbard, the poor dog, the cupboard, or the bone that was not there? Must we imagine her standing at the open cupboard door, depict to ourselves the dog still dropping his disappointed tail upon the floor, the sought for bone still remaining somewhere else? Ah! no, my dear brethren, we are not so permitted to attempt to read the future. Suffice it for us to glean from this beautiful story its many lessons; suffice it for us to apply them, to study them as far as in us lies, and, bearing in mind the natural fraility of our nature, to avoid being widows; to shun the patronymic of Hubbard; to have, if our means afford it, more than one cupboard in the house; and to keep stores in them all. And, O! dear friends, keeping in recollection what we have learned this day, let us avoid keeping dogs that are fond of bones. But brethren, if we do, if Fate has ordained that we should do any of these things, let us then go as Mother Hubbard did, straight, without curveting or prancing, to our cupboard, empty though it be—let us, like her, accept the inevitable, with steadfastness; and should we, like her, ever be left with a hungry dog, and an empty cupboard, may future chroniclers be able to write also of us in the beautiful words of our text, 'And so the poor dog got none.'—*Ex.*

Is it possible

That a remedy made of such common, simple plants as Hops, Buchu, Mandrake, Dandelion &c., are such marvelous and wonderful cures as Hop Bitters do? It must be for when old and young, rich and poor, Pastor and Doctor, Lawyer and Editor, all testify to having been cured by them, we must believe and doubt no longer. See other column.

There is some humor in Texas. The other day a man brought out a forlorn, spavined looking steed and addressed the citizens thus:

'Fellow citizens, this is the famous horse Dandy Jack. Look at him.—He's perfect. If he were sent to the horsemaker nothing could be done for him. What shall I have for the matchless steed?'

'What will you take for him?' yelled the crowd.

'Two hundred dollars.'

'Give you $5.'

'Take him. I never let $195 stand between me and no horse trade.

HOW THE ANCIENTS ENGRAVED GEMS.

We must remain as yet some little in doubt as to the methrds employed by the old artists to perfect these miracles of taste. We have, however, the absolute certainty that these ancient masters were familiar with the diamond, and that their best work was made by using this, the hardest of all substances, as a tool. A splintered fragment of the diamond served as a scraping tool, and they were well acquainted with the drill. Prehistoric man worked a drill at the very commencement of his existence. A phœnician gem—a lion attacking a bull—shows how the drill was used. A number of circular depressions are found in the gem, which mark the extremities of the figures. This was done not only for the sake of effect, but to show the artist the limit of his work as to depth. After the holes were sunk, the artist united the various portions of his work as to depth. After the holes were sunk, the artist united the various portions of his work by scratching. Now the use of the diamond point or splinter, fixed in a style or iron socket, allowed a certain flexibility of handling, which our modern procefses of gem-engraving do not permit. To-day the work is done by means of a minute rotating disk of copper, which is whetted with oil and diamond dust. On the least application of the substance to be cut to the disk, it is the disk which bites into the stone. The difference in manipulation is, then, that to-day it is the stone which goes to the tool, and not, as in olden times, the tool to the stone. It is more convenient, then, in 1879, to bring the cart to the horse. It can now be readily understood why, in modern work, time and labor being spared (the art conception not entering for the present into the subject)—why this work of to-day is inferior to the art which is past. It is purely a mechanical process now, for a rotating disk will no more draw lines which have feeling than will photographing processes paint pictures. It has been stated that we are not entirely acquainted with the methods employed by the old glyptic artists. This becomes quite evident from this fact, that their best work seems to have been both cut and polished at one and the same time. To-day we have no tool, no substance, which will accomplish this double feat. Mr. King, dwelling on the diamond point, says 'its extensive use is the great distinction between the antique and modern work.'—Barnet Phillips, in *Harper's Magazine for September.*

AN APPEAL THAT NEVER FAILS.

'Your wife going to the country?' asked Green as he met Brown on the avenue yesterday.

'I guess not, I offerad her fifty dollars to get ready but she declares right up and down that she won't go.'

'Have you worked the ill-health dodge?'

'Well, I tried to, but she has gained thirteen pounds since last January and never looked better than now.'

'Can't you make her believe her nerves are relaxing? That plan generally works pretty well.'

'Can't do it. She sleeps like a brick and her nerves were never stronger.'

'And she don't want to see her mother?'

'Her mother is dead.'

'Digestion good?'

'Splendid. She eats everything from a radish to limberger cheese and I can't talk change of diet to her.

Green fell to musing and by and by continued:

'Mr. Brown, you have been a good friend to me.'

'Well, I hope so.'

'Yes, you have stood by me like a brother and now I'll do you a favor. I tried every dodge I could think of but she was bound to stay home. At last I hit it. She had freckles.'

'Ah! Egad! So has mine.'

'Nothing but the country air in June cures freckles.'

'True—true. Peels 'em right off in from four to eight weeks,' leaving the complexion as fair as a babe's and without injury to the most delicate eyebrows.'

'You see—'

'Mr. Green, I see it all. I shall never forget your kindness. In iess than a week my freckled wife will be in Berrien county and you and I can stay out till two o'clock in the morning and then go home to my house and sleep in the best bed with our boots on. Mr. Green, Lor' bless you—shake. Any time you want a favor you may rout me out at midnight and command!'—*Detroit Free Press.*

THE IMMENSITY OF LONDON.

Of all the great cities, London on the whole, contains the most to interest and instruct Americans. It has doubled in population in the memery of men still young. Most readers remember when Macauley's history appeared. It his first volume the author contrasted the grandeur of the modern city with the London of Charles II, and boasted that the number of inhabitants had increased from little more than five thousand to at least one million nine hundred thousand. In the brief time that has passed since Macauley wrote, the one million nine hundred thousand has become four millions.

A few contrasts taken from the best estimates will give some suggestions of the immense magnitude of the city. It is aptly described as a province covered with houses. New York is equal in population to the aggregate of Maine and New Hampshire. London equals Maine, New Hampshire, Vermont, Rhode Island, Connecticut, Massachusetts and California all together. To equal the city of London, here we should have to bring together the people of the following cities:—New York, Philadelphia, Brooklyn, St. Louis, Chicago, Boston, Baltimore, Cincinnati, New Orleans, Buffalo, San Francisco, Washington, and Louisville. The transient people in New York are about thirty thousand; in London one hundred and sixty thousand.

'How long will it be before you get this work done?' said a lady to an apprentice who was painting her house. 'Well, I don't know, ma'am,' said he; 'the boss has just gone to look for another job. If he gets it, I'll be done to-morrow, but if he don't I'm afraid it'll take me all next week.'

'Rash, sinful man,' said upbraidingly the chaplain to the prisoner, 'suppose you were to die now, what sort of conscience would would you die with, eh?' 'Oh, my conscience is as good as new; never used it a bit,' said the prisoner, proudly.

Items.

—Minnesota has a town called Good Thunder,

—People that have hens to 'shoo', seldom go to the cobbler.

—Our best Irish bacon is sometimes imported direct from Ohio.

—The pedestrian's mission, like the physician's, is toe-heel.

—'Come to my alms,' as the poormaster said to the tramp.

—The cobbler who works all night sings, "It's never too late to mend."

—"His profession! What is his profession?" "Madam, he pedals music."

—White flannel suits are made for ladies to wear in mid-summer at the sea-side.

—A facetious critic observes that there are many-crew-ditties in 'Pinafore,'

—Floral horseshoes have taken the place of wedding-bells at fashionable marriages.

—A Texan has eloped with a Mrs. Onion. The breath of scandal in this case will be too much for cloves.

—An old lady living in Loudon County, Va., is the mother of 14 children, all living, whose ages range from 42 to 70 years.

—It is said that Mississippi farmers are thinking of going into the corn and cattle trade, and leaving cotton severely alone.

—The longest pine root has recently been dug up on a plantation, a few miles from Savannah, Ga. It was 102 feet long.

—The Ancient and Honorable Artillery was nearly half a century old two hundred years ago.

—An army of men find continual employment at Newport mowing the velvet lawns in front of the nabobs' houses.

—When a drunken man reels from his saddle to the ground, and his horse stands on him, which is the lower animal.

—Von Bulow says that music can be cultivated with success in those countries only where the sun shines and the grape ripens.

—At Leghorn more than 1,000 women are employed in the manufacture of coral beads for necklaces, which promise to be fashionable.

—In shooing a fly the more experienced blacksmith uses a cloth instead of a hammer. It is not so liable to damage the furniture.

—The man who makes wheels is a wheelwright, but that doesn't prove that the man who makes anchors is an anchorite, by any means.

—Always water plants with a sponge. Get the large, coarse kind, and you will save yourself much annoyance and spattered walls.

—Catechism: What is an island? A body surrounded by water. Give an illustration. An editor in the city on a summer day.

—A Los Angelos boy has a new idea of the refrain. Being asked in Sunday-school what is the meaning of 'Selah,' replied that it was ancient for "Whoa, Emma!"

—The lover who vows he is willing to die for the object of his choice, means no more than the man who borrows five dollars and agrees to 'drop in to-morrow.'

—This is the season of the year when the little boy is more afraid of the warmth of his mother's slipper than he is of the coolness of the water.

—The eruption of Ætna now in progress is the seventy-ninth eruption of this volcano of which there is a record, and promises to be one of the most memorable ones.

—Dignity becomes a man, but when your hat and a gentle zephyr have about a rod the start of you, dignity becomes of as little account as a last year's calendar.

—What a feeling of relief comes over a woman as she enters a church and discovers that her neighbor's wife has the same feathers on her hat that she wore last season.

—A narrow minded individual objects to having army officers commit suicide. He says they have no right to shed brains which he has been taxed for educating at West Point.

—'The moon is always just the same,' he said languidly, 'and yet I always find some new beauty in it.' 'It's just so with the circus,' she answered. He took the hint and bought tickets for two.

—Somebody has discovered the climax of thoughtlessness, which is, being seated on an omnibus, to pull a handkerchief out of your right-hand neighbor's pocket to wipe your left hand neighbor's eye.

—It doesn't take long for a rural neighborhood to find out what kind of carpets and furniture a newly married pair possess, after the usual round of formal calls have been made by observing women.

—I envy the man that kan talk 365 days in a year an one subjeckt and think he iz original and interesting all the time; but I don't want tu be a sun-in-law ov these kind ov people.—*Josh Billings.*

—'Mamma, may I go to Bridget's cousin's funeral to-morrow?' *Mamma*—'No, my dear. You went to a party last night and the matinee to-day. I think you have had amusement enough for the present.

—'There is truth in my remarks,' yelled out a scolding wife to her suffering husband; and he meekly answered, 'I'll grant all the truth there is in your remarks, if you will only put fewer remarks into your truth.'

—The charge of telegraphing from New York to Yokohama is $3.05 per word; but the code, or cipher, is so well systematized by certain mercantile houses that a single word serves for a dozen when transcribed.

—When one of our army commissaries was asked by Gen. Grant how much his store of corn at Nashville would amount to, he said, after some reflection, " It would fill Boston Common as high, as a three-itory house."

—New Orleans has had no circus this year. The goats are weary waiting for pictures of horses on the fences, and so they dine on lace curtains, or whatever ever among a week's washing looks tender and inviting.

The farmers of Victoria, Australia, are so desirous of acquiring a knowledge of agricultural chemistry that they travel forty or fifty miles to hear Mr. MacIvor, formerly of Anderson's College, Glasgow, Scotland, lecture on the subject.

—A little dog in the front yard will make more noise than a whole menagarie- particularly when a fellow is trying to slip out of the front door without making any noise, and the old folks happen to sleep right over the front stoop.

—A policeman under investigation for conduct unbecoming his office war called by a friend on the street the other day: 'Hello, you've lost one of your buttons.' 'I am in imminent danger of losing them all,' replied the blue-coat.

—The year 1816 was known throughout Europe and the United States as the coldest ever experienced within the degrees of latitude which bound those countries. It is called the year without a summer. Snow fell in June, July, and August.

—To vote in Massachusetts for members of the school Committee, a woman must be twenty one years old, able to read and write and have paid a tax within a year, and resided for that time in the State, and six months in the town where she is to vote.

The Columbian.

BROCKWAY & ELWELL, Editors.

BLOOMSBURG, PA.

Friday, August 22, 1879.

DEMOCRATIC STATE TICKET.

FOR STATE TREASURER,
DANIEL O. BARR,
OF PITTSBURGH.

COUNTY TICKET.

FOR SHERIFF,
A. K. SMITH,

FOR CORONER,
I. K. DILDINE.

FOR JURY COMMISSIONER,
ELI ROBBINS.

Democratic Standing Committee.

Bloomsburg E.—David Lowenberg, Chairman.
" W.—G. A. Clark, Secretary.
Beaver—James T. Fox.
Benton—Rohr McHenry.
Berwick Bor.—Wm. T. Snyder.
Briarcreek—M. L. Houseknecht.
Catawissa—M. V. B. Kline.
Centralia Bor.—P. F. Burke.
Centre—Edward Hartman.
Conyngham N.—Not reported.
" S.— " "
Fishingcreek—S. C. Creveling.
Franklin—Wm. Rohrbach.
Greenwood—A. J. Derr.
Hemlock—N. P. Moore.
Jackson—Iram Derr.
Locust—Geo. Knittle.
Madison—Wm. Gingles.
Main—J. R. Nuss.
Mifflin—D. H. Montgomery.
Montour—Beneville Rhodes.
Mt. Pleasant—John Mordan.
Orange—O. A. Megargell.
Pine—John F. Fowler.
Roaringcreek—John Mowrer.
Scott South—John Kressler.
Sugarloaf—A. J. Hess.
Scott North—Jacob Terwilliger.

Grant has had the good sense to declare in a reception recently given him at Tientsin, China, by Prince Kung and Li-Hung Chang as follows in regard to his proposed nomination for the Presidency:

"Your excellency is very kind, but there could be no wish more distasteful to me than what you express. I have held the office of President as long as it has ever been held by any man. There are others who have risen to great distinction at home, and who have earned the honor, who are worthy, and to them it belongs, not to me. I have no claims to the office. It is a place distasteful to me, a place of hardship and responsibilities. When I was a younger man these hardships were severe and never agreeable. They would be worse now. No man who knows what the Presidency imposes would care to see a friend in the office. I have had my share of it—have had all the honors that can or should be given to any citizen, and there are many able and distinguished men who have earned the office. To one of them it should be given."

"Standing upon the broad ground of our constitutional power, and hedged about by precedent upon precedent, we make the issue that the ballot must be free, and cheerfully accept all the responsibilities this great issue carries with it. The contest upon which we have entered will never cease till the sacred right of an American freeman to deposit his ballot free from the intimidating presence of deputy marshals, free from the overawing array of troops at the polls is secured, or the Forty-sixth Congress expires by its constitutional limitation."—*Hon. W. S. Blackburn in the House of Representatives, April 3, 1879.*

The Louisville *Courier Journal* says: 'A Republican organ in Philadelphia recently complained because the Legislature of Pennsylvania left nearly all the charitable institutions of the State without a cent of money for the current year. The trouble is that under Republican management the Treasurer of Pennsylvania has been milked dry; extravagance has marked every step of the Republican administration, and the taxpayers are bled most painfully. In New York two Democratic administrations have reduced the expenses of the State from $15,000,000 a year under Republican rule. to $7,686,103 the present year. The contrast between the two States is interest and instructive.'

Here is the polite language the Lemars (Iowa) *Sentinel* addresses to the colored man. It is a Stalwart among Stalwarts, favoring Grant's re-election for an indefinite term and the wiping out of all State lines:

"'What we need is encouragement, not curses; protection, not violence.'

'We clip the above from the New Orleans *Weekly Louisianian*, edited, owned and printed by niggers, who sent us a copy asking an exchange with the *Sentinel*. We will grant the gentlemanly darkies the boon they crave, that they may study African ethnology from a Stalwart stand-point. 'What we need is encouragement, not curses; protection, not violence.' That is nigger all over. Why, you great, wooly-headed boobies, what you need to learn is to 'curse' and practice 'violence,' and all these other things will be added to you. If you have not sand enough to stand up and curse these lantern-jawed brigadiers and their white-livered retainers, then the Republican party made a great mistake in giving you your freedom. If these unhung traitors dare molest you when you go to vote, shoot them as you would so many dogs. If you have not the courage to do so, get on the auction-block and let them sell you to the highest bidder. A six-shooter is what you need, Mr. Nig.'

The cable telegram from London on Saturday quoted consols at 97 9-16 for money and for the account. United States bonds were quoted at 104¼ for the 5s, 109¼ for the 4½s, and 105¼ for the 5s, 109¼ for the 4½s, and 105¼ for the 4s. The rate of discount for sixty days' to three months' bank bills is ¾ @ 1 per cent, and for trade bills in the open market is ¾ @1 per cent, which is 1¼ @ 1 per cent below the Bank of England rate. Silver in London is quoted at 51⅛d. per ounce. The bullion value of the 412½ grain silver dollar is about 86½ cents.

We do not see that it makes much difference to the public whether Stewart's body is found or not, and we wish the telegraph companies would let up about it. They might as well quit also about Charlie Ross. One died and his body was stolen and the other was stolen alive. It has happened to other people before, and we presume will happen again.

A despatch from Montreal announces that brokers were asking ¼ per cent. premium for greenbacks.

OUR MILITARY INSPECTION.

The following communication has been received from Gen. J. K. Sigfried, which we publish for general information.

HEAD QUARTERS 3D BRIGADE, N. G. P.
POTTSVILLE, Aug. 20, 1879.

W. H. ABBOTT, Esq.,
Secretary, Citizens Meeting, Bloomsburg, Pa.

Dear Sir:—Your kind favor of 18 inst. at hand. You will accept my thanks for the interest taken by the good citizens of your town. We shall gladly avail ourselves of your kindly offer to furnish us the horses &c., required on the 9th of September, the day of inspection. I am not yet able to say how many we shall require, but will instruct my Quarter Master to inform you soon as I hear from Gen. Latta. We shall require no saddles or bridles, each officer will have his own.

Col. Stead, expects to go into camp with his Regiment, the 12th, on the Saturday previous to the inspection, and remain in camp until the afternoon of the 9th, this I suppose will not be objectionable to the citizens, as they will have all that they will require for camping, except the ground.

I expect to get there with my staff on Monday the 8th. Generals Hartranft and Latta and staffs I presume will get there some time during the evening of the same day. Will write you again as the time approaches.

Very truly yours
J. K. SIGFRIED,
Commander.

Stewart's Body.

STILL UNRECOVERED—A QUARTER OF A MILLION ASKED FOR IT.

NEW YORK, Aug., 13.—The *Herald* devotes four columns to the recent developments in the Stewart grave robbery case. It says in January a Nassau street lawyer received a letter from Montreal signed 'Romaine,' enclosing a retainer of $100, and asking him to take charge of negotiations with Hilton for the return of the body, which was offered for a quarter of a million He also received, by express, as evidence of the good faith of the writers, the silver knobs and parts of the handle of Stewart's coffin, and the coffin plate. The lawyer communicated the fact to the police, but assured Hilton the only way the body could be recovered was by the payment of the quarter of a million demanded. Hilton refused to negotiate, and threatened the arrest of the negotiating party. Judge Hilton has been informed that the remains are in an excellent state of preservation, and that the body was, even to-day, easily recognizable by any one who had been acquainted with the merchant prince during his lifetime; that though there was considerable disfigurement about the eyes and part of the lower extremities, the fingers, and even the feet and toes had, singularly to say, been kept remarkably intact.—*Gazette & Bulletin.*

Sprague Rampant.

New York, Aug. 17.—The latest advices from Narragansett pier are sensational in the extreme. It seems since the first outbreak of his wrath, that Sprague has been getting gradually madder and madder, and has finally wound up his wrath by locking Mrs. Sprague in her room and refusing to allow anybody to see her, without first giving sufficient reasons for the interview. He stands guard over her door. Nobody is allowed to enter the house and all telegrams and messages, no matter where from, are first opened by Sprague before they are delivered to her. If anybody calls they are subjected to a rigid cross-examination before they are allowed to enter the room where Mrs. Sprague is confined, and are kept constantly under the eye of the ever-watchful governor as long as they are allowed to remain. Some think Sprague is crazy, and that his domestic and financial matters pressing so heavily upon him at the same time have unsettled his mind. His most intimate friends are afraid of him, and he acts and talks like a man whose mind is slightly unsettled, to say the least. Further interesting developments in this national drama may be looked for soon, for a scandal that threatens to eclipse the Beecher-Tilden affair is but smoldering beneath the embers that have already been poked up by the muzzle of Sprague's shotgun.

A Cyclopedia for $10.00.

Perhaps the most remarkable literary enterprise of the time, is the publication of the *Library of Universal Knowledge*, in 20 volumes of nearly 1,000 pages each, handsomely bound, for 50 cents per volume, or $10.00 for the set. It is a reprint entire of the last (1879) Edinburgh and London edition of *Chambers' Encyclopedia: A Dictionary of Universal Knowledge for the People*, with very large addtions upon topics of special interest to American readers. The amount of matter will somewhat exceed that of the *Cyclopædias* of Appleton or Johnson, though the price is but a fraction of their cost. Volume one is to be ready early in September, and the others will follow at very short intervals. The remarkably low prices are accounted for by the method of sale, to the subscribers direct, saving them the large commission, often 50 or 60 per cent., paid to agents or dealers; also, by the recent great reduction in the cost of making books, and by making very large sales This certainly is a work that the millions will appreciate. Special inducements are offered to early subscribers and to clubs.

The same publishers have recently issued editions of *Chambers' Cyclopedia of English Literature*, 4 vols., $2.00, formerly sold in 2 vols., for $9.00; also, *Rollins' Ancient History*, and *Josephus' Works*, large type editions, for $2.25 and $2.00, and *Smith's Bible Dictionary*, $1.00.

They also publish, in August and September, the *Acme Library of Biography*, 12 vols., and the *Acme Library of Modern Classics*, 9 vols., the former at 35 cents and the latter at 50 cents per vol. In these series are presented such authors as Carlyle, Macaulay, Gibbon, Goldsmith, Lamartine, Michelet, Thomas Moore, Walter Scott, and Fouque, and such subjects as Cæsar, Cromwell, Burns, Joan of Arc, Vicar of Wakefield, Picciola, Lalla Rookh, &c. Full catalogue of publications, terms to clubs, &c., will be sent free on request by the publishers, the *American Book Exchange*, 55 Beekman St., N. Y.

Failed for Five Millions.

LONDON, Aug. 16.—The well known financial agent. James McHenry, is unable to meet his liabilities. A tremendous run exists at his office in Victoria street, Westminster His liabilities are estimated at $5,000,000. The assets are believed to be very poor.

The activity of our iron industries is attested by the putting in blast this week of the largest furnace of the Reading Iron Works, which has been idle for four years, and the building by the company of a new tube mill, to employ 200 additional hands.

ON THE NORTH BRANCH.

BLOOMSBURG AND ITS PICTURESQUE SURROUNDINGS

We reprint the following portions of a letter published in the Philadelphia *Press*, to show what strangers think of us.

BLOOMSBURG, Pa., August 16.—Twenty-one miles northeast of the ancient borough of Northumberland, where, amid grandly picturesque scenery, the North and West branches of the Susquehanna mingle their silvery waters, is Bloomsburg, seat of justice of Columbia county and the home of several widely known and prominent statesmen and politicians. The town is accessible by two railroads—the Lackawanna and Bloomsburg, terminating at Northumberland, and the Catawissa division of the Reading railroad, which extends to Williamsport.

No State or Territory of the Union excels Pennsylvania in the variety, beauty and extent of landscape scenery, which at one point will rival the abruptness and grandeur of the Swiss Alps, while at another the eye dwells upon natural beauties as soft and enticing as ever entranced the vision of the tourist in the South of sunny France or beneath Italian skies. And while this is true of the State at large, there is no portion of it more rich in all that charms the traveler's eye than the valley proper of the North branch. Rich in both mineral and agricultural wealth, the region in and around Bloomsburg bears the unmistakable impress of thrift and prosperity. In point of fact, the entire county exhibits a succession of thriving villages and highly improved farms. Driving from this point to Berwick, a distance of twelve miles, over a road as level as a floor and as hard as a rock, a stranger is like to receive the impression that it is one continuous village, so closely does one succeed the other. The drives in this vicinity are unsurpassed, if equaled anywhere in the country. Wissahickon will not compare with Catawissa and Fishing Creek.

In point of hotel accommodations Bloomsburg is fully up to the day and age. The Exchange, Messrs. Tubbs & Chamberlin, proprietors, is one of the finest and most complete in its appointments in the State. It has accommodations for about two hundred guests, and is elegantly furnished and fitted throughout. Several Philadelphia families are summering here, although no effort has been, as yet, made to make the hotel a summer resort. For next season it is the intention of the proprietors to offer special inducements to families in the city who desire to spend the summer term in a pleasant and health-giving region. Boating, fishing and hunting are unsurpassed'

BERWICK.

an ancient borough, was founded by Evan Owen in 1783, and is noted as being the highest point ever reached in the attempted navigation by steamboats of the North branch. Right at the base of the bold bluff upon which it is located, overlooking the river, are the Nescopeck falls, and here on the 3d of May, 1826, occurred a disaster which demonstrated the impossibility of a successful navigation of 'The river of the winding shore.' A boat built at Baltimore, commanded by Captain Collins, and named the Susquehanna, made a successful trip from Havre-de Grace to this point It was on the afternoon of the 3d of May, in the year already mentioned, when 'the Susquehanna,' her decks covered with excursionists from the various towns below, reached the falls and under a full head of steam attempted the passage. About half the distance had been made when the steamer struck a rock and exploded her boilers. The crowd upon the shore, which a moment before had been cheering the gallant craft, rushed to rescue the crew and passengers, who, mangled and scalded by the escaping steam, were either dead or struggling in the water. This tragic event ended all attempts at continuous navigation of the river, the ill-fated Susquehanna being the only boat which ever steamed from the Chesapeake to this point.

As a matter of history it may be written that it was at Berwick on the 4th of July, 1828, that the ground was broken for the construction of the North branch canal, now one of the most important water thoroughfares in the State. Berwick for many years was rather a sleepy sort of a town, but within the past decade has awakened from its lethargy, and now bids fair to become at an early day one of the most important manufacturing points in the State. The cause of this metamorphosis is chiefly due to the energy and enterprise of Jackson & Woodin, the well-known iron manufacturers and car builders Originally established in 1849 as a foundry and agricultural works, employing ten or a dozen men, the industry has grown until to-day the shops cover a space of several acres, employing over eight hundred workmen. Twelve eight-wheel box cars, or twenty four coal cars, are daily turned out complete, while the foundry averages two hundred car wheels and the rolling mill twenty tons of finished bar iron and axles as a day's production. The cars manufactured here are used upon nearly every railroad in the United States, Cuba and South America. The private residence of Captain C. G. Jackson is one of the finest in the State. In architectural beauty, elegance and symmetry it is unsurpassed.

The scenery in the neighborhood of Berwick is of the grandest character. Sitting on the eastern verandah of the Williams House in the late afternoon and looking southward the eye rests upon a landscape of rarest beauty. At your feet are the falls, beyond, winding its sinuous way through the rocky gorge, is Nescopeck creek, and still further in the distance stand out in bold, blue outline the Catawissa mountains. To the west the rays of the setting sun are lighting up with a mellow radiance one of the most highly cultivated and beautiful valleys in the world. Wherever the eye turns, east or west, north or south, a grand landscape panorama is presented.

"Touched by a light unknown—
A glory never sung—
A loft on sky and mountain wall."

YERUF.

General Ewing Confident of Success.

Washington, August 16.—A letter was received here to-day from General Ewing. He says he is very confident of his election as Governor of Ohio, that the people are enthusiastic and that the vote will be large. He says also that he believes he will get the whole Greenback vote.

Last day for registration, Thursday September 4, 1879.

Last day for being naturalized, Saturday, October 4, 1879.

Last day for payment of taxes, Saturday, October 4, 1879.

How to Get Well.

Thousands of persons are constantly troubled with a combination of diseases. Diseased Kidneys and costive bowels are their tormentors. They should know that Kidney-Wort acts on these organs at the same time, causing them to throw off the poisons that have clogged them, and so renewing the whole man.

(Communicated.)

DEMOCRATIC COUNTY CONVENTION.

CATAWISSA, Aug. 15, 1879.

EDITORS COLUMBIAN:—*Sirs*,—By your permission I desire to present to your readers the following analysis of the convention held August 12.

The convention consisted of delegates 67. The convention had to it presented, candidates 10. The whole vote for delegates was 2239. This number (2239) divided by the number of delegates (67) gives to make a delegate vote in the county, a ratio of nearly 33⅓. The following table presents the analysis as I make it by the ratio (33⅓) also the vote of each candidate, and the number of delegates by the ratio, and those counted in the convention.

Ratio Delegate.	Candidates.	Vote.	Convention Delegate.
6	Quick	209	6
8	S Smith	267	8
10	Knorr	334	10
7	Kelchner	236	6½
1½	Unangst	51	1
13	A K Smith	435	13
14	Miller	460	14½
4	J G Jacoby	138	4
2½	Lore	77	4
1	S Jacoby	32	0

I have allowed for the larger fraction in making a ratio delegate. It is to be clearly seen by the above table that candidates under the Rules of our convention really get all they can ask—Delegates in proportion to the vote polled, and the above table would not change the result.

In truth I must say I was not very friendly to the Rules, but the more they are considered, and vote analyzed, the more firmly am I convinced that they are the best system of convention rules extant. Under the working of the present rules, corruption, buying and selling has nearly or entirely ceased. Ten years ago, whole delegations would not go into convention unless a check was given them in advance, (though fortunately sometimes there was no money in bank) to insure their vote. Now mark the delegation. All come to time, with credentials and votes. When the rule is carried out allowing only *one* delegate to every *forty* votes cast at State elections, then look for peace and less political backsliding.

Should the above be acceptable to you and your readers, perhaps I may give an analysis of some townships and see if there are any discrepencies between voting strength of candidates, and ratio or convention vote.

Democrats, let us try to understand our conventional law, perfect it, vote only for *good men*, and true democrats, rather than seek to abolish our rules, and go back to tricks and trades.

E. M. TEWKSBURY.

LETTER FROM ELK COUNTY.

WEEDVILLE, ELK Co., PA. Aug. 13, '79.

EDITOR COLUMBIAN:—To morrow we expect to leave this "cool and shady retreat" for Driftwood. I dread going. I fear I will find it uncomfortably warm outside this valley. If coolness is an item taken into consideration in searching for summer resorts, Weedville certainly deserves to be one.

Perhaps you think this a small place; please rid yourself of such a delusion. The town extends from the deep cut, where the Low Grade R. R. enters the valley, on the east to the Hill school-house on the road that climbs the ridge toward Clearfield Co., on the west; a distance of three miles, and from the R. R. that winds in and out at the foot of the mountains, along the creek bank on the south to where the hills become too steep and rocky for clearing, on the north a distance of two miles. A town of magnificent distances—particularly between the houses.

There are several very fine families here and many more scattered through the surrounding country, most of whom are engaged in lumbering. The crash of the fine old forest kings as they fall beneath the laborer's axe and their rush down the log slides to the streams make a person unaccustomed to such sounds look hurriedly to the sky to see the clouds that brought the thunder. When water is plentiful the buzz of the mills is a continuous sound, not stopping at night.

The mountains surrounding Weedville are not monotonous in outline but present every variety from the peaked and jagged to the smoothly rounded and are rich in broad glades and winding glens and deep ravines, I visited a glen that was a Watkins on a small scale. It was charming but so cold we dared not linger. I think the cold air from these numerous glens, together with the nearness to the clouds, is what necessitates warm clothing and fires night and morning.

Sitting on the porch we have an unobstructed view of the sunsets, and it seems as if each evening strove to surpass the preceeding one in loveliness. It is said the sun rises are equally gorgeous, but a previous engagement with Morpheus always prevents us from greeting Sol when he makes his first appearance.

But the best is not yet spoken. Trout—oh, the trout! The logs and sawdust ruin the fishing in the larger streams but the smaller ones abound in them.

Why thirteen inch speckled beauties are caught with no more expenditure of patience than it takes to catch three inch ones up at Cole's. Gurris run, a wild and rugged stream three miles from here, deserves to be famous for its large and numerous fish; but I suppose it would not stay famous, for that reason very long. However its grand scenery is worth the tiresome trip, even if there were no trout.

If you have any idea of visiting Weedville, come soon or you may not be able to find it for rumor says that Jesse Weed, the first settler, is going to move away, and I think if he goes he will take the name of the town with him, the remaining inhabitants choosing one not quite so suggestive.

Respectfully your,
COSMOPOLITE.

Funeral of Bishop Odenheimer.

NEW YORK, August 17.—The funeral of the late Bishop Odenheimer will take place at St. Mary's church Burlington, N. J., tomorrow afternoon at two o'clock. Bishops Potter, of New York; Doane, of Albany; Scarborough, of New Jersey, and others will be present, also a large representation of the clergy and laity of New Jersey, New York and Pennsylvania. The dead prelate will be interred in St. Mary's churchyard, where other members of his family and the remains of Bishop Doane, his predecessor, also lies. No decision was reached yesterday as to pall bearers, but it is likely that the delegates to the general convention and the standing committee will act in that capacity.

It costs about a hundred dollars to go to the Mountains or to the Seashore, but if you want to tone up the whole system, you can do it just as surely by taking one or two packages of Kidney Wort, and so save your money. It is a sure cure for Kidney complaints, Piles, Constipation and all billious diseases.

Important to Voters.

As voters are an annual product in this county, either on becoming twenty-one years of age, or by naturalization, too much cannot be said to direct all in the right and legal channel

The regular assessment or registry lists for the coming Fall election have already been made and sent out by the Commissioners, and are now to be found posted at polling places in the various districts of the county as required by law. Under the New Constitution every person desiring to vote at the approaching November election must have resided for the period of *two months—sixty days*—in the election district where he offers to vote, and if *over* twenty-two years of age, shall have paid within two years a State or County tax, which shall have been assessed at least *two months*, and paid at least *one month* before the day of the election. More: *The citizen who removes from one borough or township to another between the Third of September and election day loses his right to vote*, because he must swear, if challenged, that he has resided at least sixty days in the district where he offers to vote. And if he has resided but five, ten, or twenty days then he cannot declare that he has lived sixty days therein. Those who wish to vote the coming Fall had better examine the list of voters now in the hands of the Assessor (or the one to be found at the election house), and see if their names are enrolled. If not on the list, inform the Assessor of the fact. The omission of names produces more confusion and trouble on election day than all defects put together, and yet, it is one of the simplest duties enjoined upon the Assessor, and it is equally simple if the voter does not know that his name is not on the list until he offers his ticket and some one challenges him. It becomes the duty of the citizen from this until the 3d of September (sixty days before the election) to apply to the Assessor if he wants his name placed on the list. It is the duty of every Assessor to remain at the election house in his respective district on the 3d and 4th days of September next, when those not registered, can find him and have their names put on the list of voters. Under the change made in our election laws an Assessor renders himself liable to a fine of $100 and three months imprisonment for assessing a tax against any person after the time specified in the law for closing his labors.

SPEER'S PORT GRAPE WINES FOR WEAKLY PERSONS.—This excellent product of the grape is prescribed and used by the leading physicians in the country, and by the the most fashionable families at evening entertainments, and by churches for communion. For sale by C. A. Kleim, Bloomsburg, Pa.

The emigration from Canada to the United States is about equal to Canadian immigration from the old country.

Dyspepsia. Dyspepsia. Dyspepsia.

Dyspepsia is the most perplexing of all human ailments. Its symptoms are almost infinite in their variety, and the forlorn and despondent victims of the disease often fancy themselves the prey, in turn of every known malady. This is due, in part to the close sympathy which exists between the stomach and the brain, and in part also to the fact that any disturbance of the digestive function necessarily disorders the liver, the bowels and the nervous system, and affects, to some extent, the quality of the blood.

E. F. Kunkle's Bitter Wine of Iron a sure cure. This is not a new preparation, to be tried and found wanting; it has been prescribed daily for many years in the practice of eminent physicians with unparalleled success; it is not expected or intended to cure all the diseases to which the human family is subject, but is warranted to cure Dyspepsia in its most obstinate form. Kunkel's Bitter Wine of Iron never fails to cure. Symptoms of Dyspepsia are loss of appetite, wind and rising of the food, dryness of the mouth, heartburn, distension of the stomach and bowels, constipation, headache, dizziness, sleeplessness, and low spirits. Try the great remedy and be convinced of its merits. Get the genuine. Take only Kunkel's, which is put only in $1 bottles. Depot, 259 North Ninth st., Philadelphia. Advice by mail free, by sending 3 cent stamp. Try one bottle of Kunkel's Iron and be convinced of its merits. Sold by druggist and store keepers everywhere.

Worms, Worms, Worms.

Removed alive. Tape Worm removed alive in from two to three hours, with vegetable medicine, Head and all passing from the system alive. No fee till head passes. The Doctor never fails to remove Tape, Seat, Pin and Stomach Worms. Ask your druggist for a bottle of Kunkel's Worm Syrup. Price, $1 per bottle. It never fails; or send to Dr. Kunkel, 259 North Ninth Street, Philadelphia, Pa., for circular with full instructions, by enclosing 3 cent stamp for return of same. Kunkel's Worm Syrup is used for children or adults with perfect safety, as it is vegetable. Buy it, and try it.

NEW AVDERTISEMENTS.

O. I. C.

Fertilizers, Coal, and family supplies at reduced prices. Country produce and railroad ties taken in exchange for the same at

H. W. Aul's Hard Pan Grocery
AND
FARMERS' EXCHANGE

opposite Espy Depot D. L. & W. R. R., (late D. Snyder & Co's. store rooms,)

Baugh's pure ground bone and dissolved bones $37.75 to $42.40 per ton.

Baugh's pure Ammoniated dissolved bones $42.25 per ton.

Baugh's pure Super Phosphate guaranteed analysis on each bag $25.00. per ton.

Land Plaster $7.00 per ton.

Naricultural Salt $6.00 per ton.

Chemicals for making one ton Super Phosphate only $12.50.

A discount of 5 per cent will be given from the above prices if ordered on or before Aug. 31.

Avondale Coal by the car No. 4, 2.50, No. 5, 2.30, No. 6, 1.30 per gross ton. Coal sold by the single ton.

Family flour 5.50 per bbl., pure chop 1.15 per 100 lbs. New mackerl 5.00 to 7.00 per bbl. Salt by the sack or bushel.

A share of your patronage respectfully solicited, H. W. AUL.

aug. 22, 2w.

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.

ESTATE OF JOHN PATTERSON, DECEASED.

Letters of Administration on the estate of John Paterson, late of Beaver township, Columbia county, deceased, have been granted by the Register of said county to the undersigned administratrix. All persons having claims against the estate are requested to present them for settlement and those indebted to make payment without delay.

MARY JANE PATTERSON,
Administratrix,
Beaver Twp.

C. W. MILLER, Att'y.
aug. 22, 6w.

EXECUTOR'S NOTICE.

ESTATE OF JACOB LEIBY, DECEASED.

Letters Testamentary on the estate of Jacob Leiby late of Montour township, Columbia county, Pennsylvania, deceased, have been granted by the Register of said county to John Leiby, East Buffalo township, Union county, Pa. Postoffice Lewisburg, Pa., and W. P. Mauser, Montour township, Columbia county, Pennsylvania, Post office, Rupert Pa. All persons having claims against the estate of the decedent are requested to present them for settlement, and those indebted to the estate to make payment to the undersigned Executors without delay.

JOHN LEIBY, Lewisburg, Pa.
W. P. MAUSER, Rupert, Pa.
Executors.

aug. 22, 6w.

Rowell & Co's. Advt's.

$1200 profits on 30 days investment of $100 —Official Reports, free— Proportional returns every week on Stock Options of $20, $50, $100, $500. Address T. POTTER WIGHT & CO., Bankers, 35 Wall st., N. Y. aug. 22 '79-4w.

AGENTS READ THIS
We will pay Agents a Salary of $100 per month and expenses, or allow a large commission, to sell our new and wonderful inventions. We mean what we say. Sample free. Address SHERMAN & Co., Marshall, Mich. aug. 22, '79-4w.

$77 a Month and expenses guaranteed to Agents Outfit free. SHAW & CO. AUGUSTA, MAINE. aug. 22, '79-4w

$777 A YEAR and expenses to agents. Outfit Free. Address P. O. VICKERY, Augusta, Maine. aug. 22, '79-4w.

SAMUEL FREDERICKS, general Foundry business near Catawissa. New work and repairs neatly, quickly and cheaply done. Plows, Water-Wheels, &c., manufactured or repaired aug. 22, '79.

JUDGE FOR YOURSELF. By sending 35 cents, with age, hight, color of eyes and hair, you will receive by return mail a correct picture of your future husband or wife, with name and date of marriage. Address, W FOX Box 77 Fultonville, N. Y. aug. 22, 3m.

ORPHANS' COURT SALE
OF VALUABLE
REAL ESTATE !!

The undersigned administrator of Rebecca Smith, late of the township of Madison in the county of Columbia, deceased, will expose to public sale by virtue of an order of the Orphans' Court of said county in proceedings in partition, on the premises in said township of Madison, on

Saturday, August 30th, 1879,

at one o'clock in the afternoon, the following described real estate late the estate of said decedent.

No. 1. A certain tract of land situate in the said township of Madison, bounded by lands of Abraham Brandt deceased, Conrad Kreamer, William Shultz, A. K. Smith, the land below described as No. 2, and land of the heirs of Elisha B. Smith deceased, containing

SEVENTY-ONE ACRES

and fourteen perches, more or less, situated on the public road leading from Eyers' Grove to White Hall, nearly all cleared and under cultivation on which is a

FRAME DWELLING HOUSE,

frame barn and APPLE ORCHARD.

No. 2. The undivided one-half part or moiety of a certain lot of land situate in said Madison township, of which the said decedent was seized as tenant in common with A. K. Smith, bounded by the above mentioned tract No. 1, and the said public road and land of William Shultz, containing

THREE ACRES,

more or less cleared land in good cultivation, on which is a

Frame Dwelling House,

out-buildings, a good well of water and fruit trees.

TERMS OF SALE.—Ten per cent of one-fourth of the purchase money to be paid at the striking down of the property, the one-fourth less the ten per cent, at the confirmation of sale, and the remaining three fourths in one year thereafter with interest from confirmation nisi.

Deed to be paid for by the purchaser.

CONRAD KREAMER,
Administrator,
Jerseytown, Pa.

Aug. 1, 79-4s.

NOTICE OF INQUEST.

ESTATE OF ANDREW GINGLES, DECEASED.

To the heirs and legal representatives of Andrew Gingles, late of Centre township, deceased, to-wit:

Whereas, at an Orphans' Court held at Bloomsburg, in and for the County of Columbia, the twelfth day of May, A. D., 1879, before the Honorable Wm. Elwell, President, and his associates, justices of the said court, the petition of Mathias Gingles, a brother of Andrew Gingles, late of the said township, in the said county, deceased was presented, setting forth That the said Andrew Gingles died on or about 9th day of March, A. D. 1877, Intestate, seized in his demesne as of fee of the undivided one-half of all that certain lot of lime stone land situate in Centre township, Columbia county, Pa. Bounded and described as follows, to-wit: Beginning at a stone on the north side of the Lackawanna and Bloomsburg Rail Road, thence by lands late of Philip Miller north 28½ degrees west, 23 perches to a stone; thence by the same south 74½ degrees west 5 perches to a stone; thence by other limestone lot south 28½ degrees east 23 perches to said Lackawanna and Bloomsburg Railroad; thence along the same north 74½ degrees east 5 perches to the place of beginning containing one hundred and fifteen square perches be the same more or less (excepting and reserving unto the said Philip Miller his heirs and assigns all the timber he or they may want for fencing within two years from the 19th day of November A. D. 1876.) Also reserving the use and occupancy of the north end of the said lot so far as the same can be farmed until at such time or times that the same shall be wanted for quarry purposes.

Also all that certain piece or lot of ground situate in Centre township, Columbia county, Pa., bounded and described as follows, to-wit: on the north by the public road leading from Bloomsburg to Berwick, on the east by land of the heirs of Eliza Thomas deceased, on the south by land of Tilman Nagle and on the west by school house lot, containing ninety eight perches, leaving to survive him a widow, Mary Ann Gingles, and the following named brother and sisters of full blood, to-wit: Your petitioner, Susan Ann intermarried with Mathias Heller, Sarah Gingles, Mary intermarried with John Williams, and the following named sisters of the half blood all being children of the same father, to-wit: Harriet Gingles, Martha intermarried with Samuel Shuman—all residents of this county, except Mary Williams who is a resident of Iowa near Knoxville, Harriet Gingles who is a resident of Kansas near Newbaskee, and Sarah Gingles who is a resident of Schuylkill county, Pa

That no partition of said real estate having been had, the petitioner showing that he is a party in interest, prays the court to award an inquest to make partition of the said real estate to and among the parties according to their respective rights.

In accordance with the above named writ I will hold an inquest on the said premises in Centre township, Columbia county, Pa., on

SATURDAY, August 23, 1879,

at 9 o'clock, a. m., when and where you are requested to attend if you think proper.

Sheriff's Office, Bloomsburg,
July 18, 1879.

JOHN W. HOFFMAN,
Sheriff.

SHERIFF'S SALE.

By virtue of sundry writs issued out of the Court of Common Pleas of Columbia county and to me directed, will be exposed to public sale at the Court House in the town of Bloomsburg Columbia county, Pennsylvania, at one o'clock p. m., on

Saturday, September 6th, 1879,

All those certain lots or pieces of land situate in Bloomsburg, Columbia county, Pennsylvania, bounded and described as follows, to-wit: One lot number ten in plot of Barton addition bounded on the east by East street, on the south by other lot of Casper I Thomas, on the west by an alley, and on the north by lot of Shaffer and Hoffman, being fifty feet in front and one hundred and ninety-three feet in depth upon which is erected a wagon shed and as much of the barn as is on said lot number ten.

ALSO,

Lot number eleven bounded on the east by East street, on the south by land lot of William Gigger, on the west by an alley and on the north by lot number ten above described, upon which is erected a large frame house, barn and other out-buildings. There are on the above described lot a well and pump a cistern and an underground springhouse. The above lots are well supplied with fruit trees, apple, cherry, &c.

ALSO,

One other lot on Railroad street West Bloomsburg bounded on the north by an alley, on the east by the Irondale railroad, on the south by lot of Henry Hartman, and on the west by an alley, containing fifty feet front and one hundred and sixty-six feet deep more or less, on which are erected a double frame house, two large stables and other out-buildings.

Seized, taken in execution at the suit of M. G. Hughes assigned to C. R. Paxton against Casper I. Thomas and to be sold as the property of Casper I. Thomas.

BUCKALEW, Attorney. Al. Fi. Fa.

ALSO,

All that certain real estate situate in the town of Bloomsburg, in the county of Columbia, and State of Pennsylvania, bounded and described as follows, to-wit: On the north by ridge alley, on the east by lot of Lloyd Sha pless, on the south by Main or Second street, and on the west by Centre street, being twenty-four feet four inches in width on Second street, and two hundred fourteen feet six inches in depth along Centre street, on which are erected a two story frame store room and dwelling, a good frame stable and out-buildings.

Seized, taken in execution at the suit and of Joseph R. Vanderslice, now to the use of George Hughes vs. H. C. Hower and George Cavanee, and to be sold as the property of H. C. Hower.

MILLER, Attorney. Al. Fi. Fa.

ALSO,

At the same time and place, all that certain real estate situate in the village of Hetlerville in the the county of Columbia, and State of Pennsylvania, bounded and described as follows, to-wit: On the east by land of Phoebe Miller, on the south and west by land of Emanuel Kikendall and on the north by a public road, containing one quarter of an acre, more or less, on which are erected a frame house and out-buildings.

Seized, taken in execution at the suit of William Hartzel, administrator of Mary E. Hetler, deceased vs. Stephen Miller and to be sold as the property of Stephen Miller.

MILLER, Attorney. Fi. Fa.

TERMS:—Cash on day of sale, otherwise property to be resold at once.

JOHN W. HOFFMAN,
Sheriff.

aug. 15, ts.

LIST OF GRAND JURORS.

Briarcreek—M. V. B. Adams.
Catawissa—M. M. Brobst, Arthur Roberts.
Bloom—Levi N. Cox, N. B. Fowler, Patrick McFadden.
Sugarloaf—Joshua Davis.
Mifflin—Hiram Eckroth.
Maine—Joseph Geiger.
Montour—Elias Geiger.
Beaver—Andrew Hunsinger.
Scott—Elias Krum.
Greenwood—Samuel Kline.
Benton—Samuel P. Kressbaum.
Berwick—James Michael, William Stephens.
Briarcreek—George W. Miller.
Conyngham—Andrew Rooney.
Madison—John M. Smith.
Locust—Isaiah Shaffer.
Pine—R. F. Whitmoyer.
Fishingcreek—John Wisner.
Centre—Daniel Whitmire.

LIST OF JURORS.

FIRST WEEK.

Beaver—S. F. Benninger.
Benton—William Appleman, Samuel Hagenbuch Rohr McHenry, John Lazarus.
Bloomsburg—Samuel Hill.
Briarcreek—Freas Fowler.
Centre—Levi Aikman, Jacob Hill, Charles Marsch.
Catawissa—Joseph Carl Henry Geise, Lewis Yetter.
Franklin—Christian Ashley, Andrew Lohrman.
Fishingcreek—M. A. Ammerman, Thos. J. Hutchison, James N Jones.
Greenwood—Elisha Hayman, Daniel Welliver.
Hemlock—Elias Ent.
Locust—John Brofee, Phineas Thomas.
Madison—Andrew J. Carr, Ed. Graham, Jacob Shoemaker.
Mifflin—Michael Heller, J. H. Hetler.
Montour—Emanuel Lazarus, P. S. Karshner.
Mt. Pleasant—Joseph E. Sands, Amos Wanick.
Orange—H. C. Conner, Cyrus McHenry.
Roaringcreek—William Houck.
Scott—W. E. Dieterick.

SECOND WEEK.

Beaver—E. E. Benninger.
Bloomsburg—H. Brandt, William Crossly, Charles Decker, E. R. Freas, P. S. Harman, Fred Schwin, B. H. Vannatta, Jacob Wanich, sr.
Berwick boro—Samuel Rech.
Briarcreek—J. N. Cordner, Peter Hayman.
Conyngham—Patrick Brennan.
Catawissa—Henry Geiger, John Walter.
Centralia—Thomas Gerity.
Fishingcreek—W. W. Sutliff.
Greenwood—Chandlee Eves.
Hemlock—Lawrance M. Hartman.
Locust—Daniel J. Stine.
Madison—Michael Bellems John Moser, George, Breece, Washington Welliver.
Maine—U. J. Campbell, Samuel Schweppenheiser.
Mt. Pleasant—John Mordan, Samuel Nuttou.
Orange—Jerry Comstock.
Roaringcreek—John Trump.
Sugarloaf—John Moore, John Lewis.
Scott—Geo. Trouse.

LIST OF CAUSES FOR SEPTEMBER TERM, 1879.

John H. Goodman vs John Sanger.
Catharine Rice vs Charles Lee.
Jacob Evans' ex'rs vs Thomas E. Geddes.
Delilah C. Mills vs William Mills.
T. W. Schweppenheiser vs. I. K. Schweppenheiser.
Aaron Young vs John K. Young.
Mercy A Young's adm'r vs John K. Young.
Sarah McHenry vs John K. Young.
R. D. Cole vs J. H. Bacon.
Jacob Johnson vs Robert S. Ent.
Wm. Struthers et ux vs Margaret Quinn.
F. L. Shuman vs Sarah Kistler.
Cayuga Chief Mfg. Co. vs Thomas W. Hagenbuch et al.
Jonathan Fortner, s use vs O. D. L. Kestenbander.
Sugarloaf School District vs W. A. Kile.
B. F. Hawks & Co., vs Sterner & Jones.
Daniel Morris vs William Torry.
Brockway & Elwell vs Conyngham and Centralia Poor District.
McKelvy & Neal vs Penna. Canal Co.
John Kester vs John Rantz.
Charles Krug vs J. M. C. Rank.
T. H. Edgar use vs J. F. Chapin.
Samuel Miller vs W. H. Reinbold.
Sarah Hower vs W. H. Reinbold.
Mary E. Hower vs M. C. Woodward et al.
Wm. Bogart vs Martha Albertson.
David Tyson vs Thomas Gerraghty.
M. G. Hughes vs Wellington Yeager et al.
M. G. Hughes vs Wellington Yeager.
J. W. Sankey use vs The Mutual Building and Saving Fund Association of Bloomsburg.
Sarah Comstock vs Wm Bess' adm'r et al.
J. H. Hetler vs D. L. & W. R. R. Co.
John Billig vs Henry Helwig et al.
James Patterson use vs Hiram Fausy.
Isaac L. Girton vs Philip Krum.
George S. Gilbert vs Conyngham and Centralia Poor District.
C. H. Tettsworth vs D. J. Waller.
Conrad Bredbenner's use vs Jacob Bittenbender et al.

INSOLVENT'S NOTICE.

Notice is hereby given to the creditors of the undersigned and to all persons whom it may concern, that he will apply to the Court of Common Pleas of Columbia county, for the benefit of the Insolvent laws of this Commonwealth, on Monday, the 1st day of September A. D. 1879 at which time any person having any objections to his final discharge as an insolvent debtor can appear and make the same known.

Aug. 4, 1879.

JOHN W. GORDNER.
Aug. 8, '79-4w.

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.

ESTATE OF ABSOLEM MCHENRY, DECEASED.

Letters of Administration on the estate of Absolem McHenry, late of Jackson twp., Columbia county, deceased, have been granted by the Register of said county to S. W. McHenry of Jackson. All persons having claims against the estate are requested to present them for settlement and those indebted to make payment without delay.

S. W. McHENRY,
Administrator.
Benton, Pa.

aug. 4. 6w.

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.

ESTATE OF MARY REMLEY, DECEASED.

Letters of Administration on the estate of Mary Remley, late of Fishingcreek township, Columbia county, deceased, have been granted by the Register of said county to the undersigned administrator. All persons having claims against the estate are requested to present them for settlement and those indebted to make payment without delay.

STEPHEN H. HILL,
Administrator.

LITTLES, Attorneys.
aug. 15, 6w.

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.

ESTATE OF ABRAHAM YODER, DECEASED.

Letters of administration on the estate of Abraham Yoder, late of Locust township, Columbia county, Pennsylvania, deceased, have been granted by the Register of said county to the undersigned administrator. All persons having claims against the estate of the deceased are requested to present them for settlement, and those indebted to the estate to make payment to the undersigned administrator without delay.

AARON YODER,
Locust township, Pa.
Administrator.

aug. 15, 6w.

EXECUTOR'S NOTICE.

ESTATE OF SILAS F. KARNS, DECEASED.

Letters Testamentary on the estate of Silas F. Karns, late of Benton township, Columbia county, Pennsylvania, deceased, have been granted by the Register of said county to the undersigned Executor. All persons having claims against the estate of the decedent are requested to present them for settlement and those indebted to the estate to make payment to the undersigned Executor without delay.

I. K. KRICKBAUM,
Executor,
Cambra, Pa.

aug. 15, 6w.

ORPHANS' COURT SALE
OF VALUABLE
REAL ESTATE!

The undersigned Administrator of Peter Ent, late of Scott township, deceased, will expose to public sale on the premises at two o'clock p. m. on

Friday, August 22d, 1879,

the following described real estate, bounded and described as follows to-wit: On the north by lands of S. B. Seybert and estate of Peter Ent, on the east by lands of estate of Peter Ent and Abraham Custer, and on the west by lands of John Kelchner & Son and George Oman, containing about

70 ACRES.

The property includes both banks of the Fishingcreek, on which is erected a large 4 story

Frame Grist and Flouring Mill

with four run of stone which is arranged for either merchant or country work, or both combined. The mill has now a large run of country custom. And there is also a CIRCULAR SAW MILL on this tract with a capacity of cutting 3000 feet of lumber per day.

Tract No. 2. Is a farm of

SIXTY-FOUR ACRES

and 137 perches bounded and described as follows, to-wit:

On the north by lands of S. B. Seybert, on the east by lands of the estate of W. H. Ent, A. M. White, and William White, on the south by lands of Abraham Custer, and on the west by tract No. 1, on which is erected a good

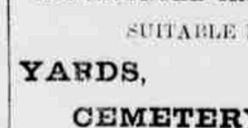
FRAME DWELLING HOUSE

with barn and out houses. The land is in a high state of cultivation.

TERMS OF SALE.—Ten per cent. of the one-fourth of the purchase money to be paid at the striking down of the property, the one-fourth less the ten per cent. at the confirmation of sale and the remaining three-fourths in one year thereafter with interest from confirmation nisi.

UZAL H. ENT,
Administrator,
Lightstreet, Pa.

july 25, ts.



THIS COLLAR and a Cow Milker free to Farmers who act as Agents. Cut this out and address with stamp

SMITH & SON,
24 Dey St., N. Y.

Name this paper. w july 25, 3m.

WANTED IMMEDIATELY.

Seventeen young men to learn Telegraphy. Good situations guaranteed. For Particulars, address with stamp.

SHERIDAN & RUDD,
Oberlin, Ohio.

Box 687,
july 25, 1m. w

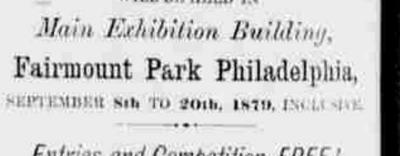
$75.00 for $1.00, $5.00 for 1 cent

I pay large prices for many dates of Old Copper and Silver Coins. Send 10 cents at once for my Catalogue and Price List, Address, O. A. WELSHONS, Mt. Pleasant, Pa.

july 25, 1m. w

ORNAMENTAL IRON FENCES.
SUITABLE FOR
YARDS,
CEMETERY LOTS,
and Public Grounds.

The following shows the Picket Gothic, one of the several beautiful styles of Fence manufactured by the undersigned.



For Beauty and Durability they are unsurpassed. Put up by experienced hands, and warranted to give satisfaction.

Prices and Specimens of other Designs sent to any address.

ADDRESS,
S. M. HESS,
Bloomsburg, Pa.

july 18, '79—6m

STATE FAIR.

Twenty-sixth Annual Exhibition
OF THE PENNA.
STATE AGRICULTURAL SOCIETY
WILL BE HELD IN
Main Exhibition Building,
Fairmount Park Philadelphia,
SEPTEMBER 8th TO 20th, 1879, INCLUSIVE.

Entries and Competition FREE!

Entry Books will close at the Office, Northwest corner Tenth and Chestnut Streets, September 2d, 1879.

$15,000 in Cash Premiums.

Cash Prizes for Live Stock, $9000.

A Ring, for exercise and parade of Horses and Cattle, will be provided.

Liberal Premiums are also offered for Fruits, Flowers, and Ornamental Plants, products of the Farm and Dairy, Tools, Implements, and Machinery, Textiles, Furniture, Manufactured Goods &c., &c.

Excursion Tickets at greatly reduced rates on all railroads centering at Philadelphia, and liberal arrangements for transportation have been made.

D. W. SEILER, Recording Sec'y. ELBRIDGE M'CONKEY, Corresponding Sec'y. WM. S. BISSELL, President.

aug. 15, '79-3w.

Notice!

In the face of everything, Wanamaker & Brown increased their great Clothing business last year at Oak Hall nearly a quarter of a million dollars, and for 1879 the new plans will make the house more popular and increase the business much more. Eighteen years in the people's service at the old corner of Sixth and Market has taught us how to do the business well.

Notice!

Whatever may be said, no house in the United States sells anything like so much Clothing at Retail as Oak Hall, and no house in Philadelphia sells more than a quarter as many goods as Mr. Wanamaker sells *in Clothing alone.* Doing this large business shows the people's regard for our goods, and enables us to buy cheaply and sell at small profits.

Notice!

New patterns have been made this year and new styles introduced through Mr. Robert C. Ogden (formerly partner of the famous firm of Devlin & Co., New York), who is now associated with Oak Hall, and will give his whole energies and valuable experience to improving the manufacture of our Boys' and Men's Clothing. We do not buy Clothing like the dealers, but make it expressly for our own sales. The Spring stock is splendid, and no other make of goods, so far, have as much merit, or are sold as cheaply.

Notice!

Impressions have been erroneously given to the effect that Mr. John Wanamaker, who founded Oak Hall, is not interested in the old store, and that it does not have his attention; on the contrary, his ownership of it remains unchanged, and he has lost none of his love for it. Every day finds him supervising all its departments. Mr. William H. Wanamaker spends his entire time on the Oak Hall business.

A VISIT THIS SPRING PARTICULARLY INVITED.

WANAMAKER & BROWN,
OAK HALL, 6th & Market Sts., Philad'a.
THE LARGEST CLOTHING HOUSE IN AMERICA.

May 2,79-6m.

THE COLUMBIAN.

BLOOMSBURG, FRIDAY, AUGUST 15, 1879

Rail Road Time Table.

LACKAWANNA & BLOOMSBURG RAIL ROAD	NORTH.	SOUTH.
Accommodation Train		7.38 A. M.
Mail Train	7.38 A. M	4.40 P. M
Fast Train	12.00 M.	11.45 A.M
Express Train	6.56 P. M.	
CATAWISSA RAIL ROAD.	**NORTH**	**SOUTH**
Accommodation Train	6.28 A. M.	7.36 P. M.
Regular Express	4.06 P. M.	11.45 A. M.

Through cars on Express train either to New York or Philadelphia. Accommodation train runs between Catawissa and Williamsport.

STAGE LINES.

CAMBRA AND BLOOMSBURG.—Leave Cambra Monday, Wednesday and Friday at 6:30 a. m., arrive at Bloomsburg by 11:30 a. m. Leave Bloomsburg on same days after arrival of Philadelphia mail.

BLOOMSBURG AND LAIRDSVILLE.—Leave Lairdsville Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday at 7:30 a. m., arriving at Bloomsburg by 12 m. Leave Bloomsburg on same days after arrival of Philadelphia mail. The stage line terminates at Millville.

Benton and Bloomsburg.—A daily stage line leaving Benton in the morning and returning in the evening of the same day.

MAIL ROUTES.

WHITE HALL AND BLOOMSBURG.—Leave White Hall Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday at 6:30 a. m., arriving at Bloomsburg by 10 a. m. Leave Bloomsburg on same days after arrival of Philadelphia mail.

BENTON AND BLOOMSBURG.—Leaves Benton Monday, Wednesday and Friday at 8 a. m., arriving at Bloomsburg at 2 p. m. Leaves Bloomsburg Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday at 8 a. m., arriving at Benton at 2 p. m.

PUBLIC SALES.

—The administrator of Sarah Summers, deceased, will sell real estate in Hemlock township, on the premises, on Saturday, August 23, 1879, at 2 p. m.

—The administrator of Peter Ent, deceased, will sell real estate in Orange township, on the premises, on Friday August 22d, 1879, at 2 o'clock.

—Conrad Kreamer, administrator of Rebecca Smith, will sell real estate, on the premises, in Madison township, Saturday August 30th, 1879 at 1 o'clock, p. m.

See advertisements in another column.

TO SUBSCRIBERS.

There are so many delinquents on our list that we are again compelled to make an appeal to all who owe on subscription or book account, to pay up. Statements of book accounts have been sent out by mail, and bills for subscription are being sent out each week in the papers, and this will be continued until all who are indebted to us in any way, shall have received notice. We do not go to this trouble and expense just for amusement, but because we have a large amount standing out, and *we need the money.* Do not throw your bill aside as a matter that can be attended to at any time, but settle it *at once,* and save us the trouble of sending you another notice, and yourselves the annoyance of being dunned. It gives us no pleasure to dun those who owe us, but as those whom we owe have no hesitancy in asking for their pay, we are compelled to urge prompt payments to us in order that we may pay our own bills. Of course, the above is not intended for any one but those who have received notices. tf.

The COLUMBIAN-DEMOCRAT is in its forty fifth year.

George E. Elwell and wife are visiting friends in Bradford county.

Our tramp law, which we published some time ago, went into operation last Friday.

Rev. L. Zahner is taking a vacation, and has gone to Delaware for a few weeks.

Rev. Mr. Chevers of Shamokin preached in the Episcopal church on Sunday.

Leoni Mellick Esq., of Philadelphia is spending a few weeks with his parents at Light-street.

The German Reformed Church held a pic-nic at Espy Glen on Thursday. The Bloomsburg Band accompanied them.

We see by the Towanda papers that E. W. Elwell, formerly of this place, lately caught a black bass weighing three pounds and ten ounces.

Dr. Montraville McHenry, formerly of Exchange, Montour county, has removed to this place, and will reside in the Reece house on Market street.

All our citizens should unite in making the military reunion here next month a success so far as display is concerned. The selection of Bloomsburg is a compliment to the town and county.

Miss Eva Rupert and Miss M. Polen have gone to Chautauqua, New York, to attend the meetings of a Literary Society of which Miss Rupert is a member.

On Tuesday last the Republicans of Luzerne nominated Charles E. Rice for additional Law Judge. Mr. Rice was a teacher in our Normal School for some time. He is a thorough gentleman, and an excellent lawyer.

Annie Sewell the colored servant at the City Hotel in this place, on Monday last fell from the rear roof of the City Hotel, and after straddling the water pipe, fell headlong to the paving. Outside of scalp injuries no damage was done.

The "Social Club" of Milton had a pic-nic at Knorr's Grove near Rupert on Wednesday last. The excursion numbered about 200 persons out of an expected 500. The day was fine, and all hands enjoyed themselves.

Stacy John, a prominent and respected citizen of Main township died at his home on Wednesday morning after an illness of only two days. He was a brother of Mrs. Freas Brown of this place. The funeral took place on Wednesday.

Prof. Gardner of Connecticut delivered a lecture in the Methodist church last Sunday evening on the subject of Temperance. It is said to be a very able discourse, and the gentleman is highly recommended by many leading clergymen, and by the press.

Simon Cameron was in town a few hours on Friday of last week. He was visiting in Danville and drove up to see some of his old acquaintances. He and Judge McReynolds were in the Legislature together in 1826. The ex senator is 82 years old, and bears his age well.

A festival consisting of supper, ice cream, etc., will be held in the M. E. Church at Buckhorn, on the evening of Friday, August 29, and afternoon and evening of Saturday, August 30, 1879, for the benefit of the M. E. Parsonage. The Buckhorn Cornet Band will be in attendance.

The Danville *Intelligencer* pays a merited tribute to our nominee for Sheriff—A. K. Smith, of Jerseytown. Its *profession* of friendship, however, would have been better if it had avoided its chronic abuse of Columbia county politicians. It does Mr. Smith no good; and if the nomination was not satisfactory to the people it would work him harm.

While cleaning up the files in his office a few days ago, Prothonotary Krickbaum found a letter written in 1859 by Charles F. Mann to Jacob Eyerly, the Prothonotary at that time, containing an old five dollar bill of the Bank of Maryland at Hagerstown, an English shilling and an old copper cent. The letter is dated at Philadelphia, and names an enclosure of eighteen dollars to pay costs in a suit of Driesbach against Mann and in a postscript says that "F Stewart is here and intends to address a Fillmore meeting in Independence Square." The money has been among the files twenty three years, but why it was left there nobody knows.

Jacob Leiby, late of Montour township deceased, was born in Lehigh county in 1790, and died August 2d 1879. He was the father of 13 children, had 75 grand children, 75 great-grand children. He voted for 17 Presidents of the United States, all Democrats, beginning with Madison.

The following young men from the west end of this county, start to-day for Orangeville Academy, at Orangeville, Columbia Co., Pa., viz: E. A. Gearhart, Tilghman Laufer, Alvin Laufer, J. N. Heller, J. W. Heller, Jacob Stackhouse, George Kirkhuff, Eli D. Everitt, Chas. S. Worly, Jackson Serfass, William Heiney and Ira Mosteller.—*Monroe Advocate.*

MILITARY ENCAMPMENT.

The third brigade National Guard, composed of four regiments of infantry, one battery and one cavalry company, will be inspected at Bloomsburg, Columbia county, September 9th. The Twelfth regiment, Col. Stead commanding, will go into camp Saturday morning, September 7th, and remain in camp until after the inspection.

OIL FIRE ON THE PAIL.

SUNBURY, Pa., August 20.—Train 28 loaded with oil tanks was wrecked and burned last night at Kipps Run, seven miles from this place on the Sunbury, Hazleton and Wilkesbarre railroad. The trestling was overrun and also burned. All trains have been abandoned until to-morrow. The cars are still burning.

The above despatch explains the cause of the bright light noticed by a number of people last Tuesday night.

There is no accounting for human nature. There are men in the world who are perfectly willing to take a newspaper for three or four years and read it carefully each week, who upon receiving a request from the editor to pay up, become angry and order their paper stopped. We know of a few such. That kind of subscribers is not desirable to have on the list, and the sooner they get mad the better it is for the editor.

Bills have now been sent to every subscriber who owes for more than one year. It is our practice to send out statements to everyone at the end of a year, and we expect payment at that time when not paid sooner. Those who owe for more than a year need not pay the whole bill at once, but we expect them to pay something, as we cannot let every subscription run for three or four years without payment and run the risk of losing all. We hope to see a large number of subscribers at September Court.

DANIEL KALBFUS.

Many of our readers remember that this talented gentleman was some time ago placed in the Danville Insane Asylum. He was the son of Rev. Charles Kalbfus, and was born and raised in Berwick. The Mauch Chunk papers say that last week Joseph Kalbfus, Esq., visited him at the Danville Insane Asylum, and found him improved in physical health, but no change in his mental condition. He is not troublesome, but quiet and in the best of humor at all times, enjoying the conceit that he is "King of nations." He insisted that Joseph, who he said was dead, was Charles, an elder brother, and congratulated him upon his healthful and youthful appearance, and recalled incidents of twenty years or more ago. But his recollection of more recent events was very confused. The physicians give no encouragement for the restoration of his mental faculties.

Those subject to costiveness should at once try "Sellers' Liver Pills." 25c. per box. Sold by all druggists.

The prompt adjustment of the insurance on the buildings &c of the Lockards at this place and the loss on the Jackson, Woodin & Co. property at Berwick, deserves commendation. The promptness of T Kirk White as well as other agents can best be shown by the following statement. The Berwick fire occurred on August 14, and the insurance was amicably adjusted by T Kirk White on the 15. Amount $1386 64, in the Fire Association of Philadelphia. The insurance on the buildings and materials destroyed by the fire at Lockards was adjusted on Thursday by T Kirk White and W C Goodrich. The adjustment to the several parties interested was as follows:

G M & J K Lockard, Fire Association $2507 96, Aetna, $2507 96; Iron Manufacturing Co's loss on material, Howard Insurance Co, $1200, Tradesmen's Insurance Co, $1200; M W Jackson's loss on buildings and machinery, Lancashire, $2084 96, Royal, $2084 96, Springfield, $2084 96, National N Y, $1942 47, National Hartford, $1073 73.

Charles Buckalew Snyder has assumed control of the *Hazleton Sentinel*, and supplants Jeremiah S. Sanders. The present and former editor of the *Sentinel* drifted from Democratic moorings into Republicanism, and singularly enough both formerly controlled the Berwick news-paper. Lest there should be no mistake as to the political status of the *Sentinel*, we quote the following salutatory of its new editor:

> "In a political sense the affiliations of our life and the preferrences of our matured judgment based upon the principles involved lead us to be distinctly Republican. In support of the Republican organization our efforts will therefore be directed, and at all times and under all circumstances be unwavering, inflexible and positive."

We welcome Mr. Snyder to a closer relation in the profession, but regret that he has deemed it his duty to hoist the Republican colors. Still that is better than having no colors at all, and sailing under the black flag like his predecessor.

CALL FOR A COUNTY CONVENTION.

The county temperance convention held at Bloomsburg in March last, adjourned subject to the call of the Sec.; therefore in accordance with the action of said convention and the recent request of many citizens, the friends of temperance throughout Columbia county, without regard to sex, who believe the manufacture and sale of intoxicating drink as a beverage, a crime which ought to be removed by political action, and who are also in favor of placing before the people candidates of known temperance principles for the several offices to be filled at the county election in November next, are requested to meet in Bloomsburg on Saturday August 30th, at 2 o'clock P. M. sharp, for the purpose of making such nomination and transacting any other business deemed proper when met.

M. P. LUTZ,
Secretary.

OBITUARY.

This community was shocked yesterday morning upon receipt of news from Lyons, N. Y., that George C. Scott was dead. Although it was known that he was sick the news of his death shocked his friends and the community. He was taken sick the fore part of last week and his friends were apprised of the fact, but the information did not state that he was considered dangerously ill. Upon receipt of the news of his sickness his mother hastened to his bedside. Mrs. Dr. Robins had been with her children at Lyons for a couple of weeks and was with her son-in-law when he was stricken down. Mrs. Robins returned to Catawissa on Tuesday and had the Doctor start at once for Lyons, but before he arrived Mr. Scott was dead. His disease was peritonetas, which proves fatal in nearly all cases. His death has cast a gloom over the community, as he was a man respected by all who knew him. He was the only son of the late General Scott of this place. His remains will be brought to Catawissa for burial. He leaves a wife and one child besides a large circle of relatives and friends to mourn his death, but their loss is his gain, for "With Him all things are well."—*Item.*

WATER.

Pursuant to notice the subscribers to the stock of "The Bloomsburg Water Company" convened in the Opera House, at Bloomsburg, on Thursday evening, August 14, 1879, at 8 o'clock, p. m. for the purpose of effecting a permanent organization. Rev. D. J. Waller, Sr., was elected chairman and Frank P. Billmeyer, Secretary. A list of the subscribers to the stock and the number of shares held by each, was then read by the Secretary, showing subscriptions for stock to the amount of twenty eight thousand one hundred ninety dollars. After due consideration it was resolved, viz:

First, The name of this corporation shall be "The Bloomsburg Water Company."

Second, The purpose for which it is formed shall be, "The supply of water to the public, especially within the limits of the town of Bloomsburg."

Third, The place where its business is to be transacted shall be, "The town of Bloomsburg, in the county of Columbia and the state of Pennsylvania."

Fourth, The term of its existence shall be "Perpetual."

Fifth, Its Board of Directors shall consist of "Nine."

Sixth, The amount of its capital stock shall be "Thirty thousand dollars, divided into three thousand shares, and the par value of each share shall be ten dollars."

On motion of Wm. Neal, it was resolved, that the subscribers to the stock, be and are hereby required, after permanent organization and upon notice from the board of directors, to pay in cash to the Treasurer, ten *per centum* of the amount subscribed.

On motion of John G. Freeze, seconded by J. H. Maize, the following preamble and resolutions were adopted, viz:

"WHEREAS, the general public has been cordially and earnestly invited to subscribe for shares to the capital stock of the Bloomsburg Water Company, and has done so to the extent it has chosen, and whereas a larger amount of money is required for the purposes of the corporation than has been so subscribed and bonds of the said corporation to the amount of dollars will have to be issued, be it

Resolved, That the bonds to be issued shall bear interest at the rate of five per centum per annum, and no more, payable semi annually.

Resolved, That the subscribers to the capital stock of the Bloomsburg Water Company shall have the first refusal of the bonds of said company,—Provided however, that no one shall in the first instance be allowed to take more than a proper proportion to the amount of stock he has subscribed."

The meeting then proceeded to elect a Board of Directors and a Treasurer to serve for one year.

On motion of Geo. E. Elwell, it was resolved that the election be by ballot and that every share of stock shall entitle the holder thereof to one vote, and that the name and number of shares held by the person voting, be written on the back of the ballot.

On motion of Wm. Neal, Messrs. John G. Freeze, C. W. Miller and Samuel Knorr were appointed officers to hold the election.

Nominations for a Board of Directors being in order, Wm. Neal nominated D. J. Waller, Sr., L. N. Moyer, M. S. Appleman, E. H. Little, R. C. Neal, C. G. Barkley, John A. Funston, Geo. E. Elwell and Henry J. Clark.

On motion of seconded by J. K. Eyer, the nominations closed.

On motion of Geo. E. Elwell the motion to close the nominations was reconsidered, and nominations for Directors was again in order.

The following named persons were nominated: Freas Brown, Dr. J. Schuyler, I. W. Hartman, D. A. Creasy, H. C. Hartman, Wm. Rabb, S. C. Shive, Mills Chamberlin, Peter S. Harman, Geo. A. Herring and M. C. Sloan.

The officers appointed to hold the election having all been duly qualified according to law, proceeded then to receive, record and count the votes. The result was as follows, to-wit:

D. J. Waller, Sr., 1027; L. N. Moyer, 1437; M. S. Appleman, 959; E. H. Little, 1379; R. C. Neal, 1437; C. G. Barkley, 1432; John A. Funston, 1437; Geo E Elwell, 872; Henry J Clark, 1167; Geo A Herring, 513; D A Creasy, 285; Peter S Harman, 165; Freas Brown, 465; Jacob Schuyler, 137; H C Hartman, 420; S C Shive, 10; Wm Rabb, 13; M C Sloan, 30; I W Hartman, 46; L E Waller, 10; M Chamberlin 0; whereupon D J Waller, Sr., L N Moyer, M S Appleman, E H Little, R C Neal, C G Barkley, John A Funston, Geo E Elwell, and Henry J Clark, were duly declared elected members of the board of directors for one year.

The following were then nominated for Treasurer: David Lowenberg, Dr Jacob Schuyler, and Geo W Correll. Result of ballot was as follows: David Lowenberg, 805; Dr Jacob Schuyler, 375; Geo W Correll, 135; whereupon David Lowenberg was declared duly elected Treasurer for one year.

On motion meeting adjourned.

Attest, FRANK P BILLMEYER,
Bloomsburg, August 14, 1879. Secretary.

DIRECTORS' MEETING.

The first meeting of the Board of Directors of the Bloomsburg Water Company, convened in accordance with notice given at the meeting of stockholders on the evening of 14th inst., at the office of L. E. Waller, Esq., at 2 o'clock p. m. August 15, 1879. Present, Rev D J Waller, Sr., M S Appleman, E H Little, L N Moyer, R C Neal, H J Clark, Geo E Elwell, and C G Barkley—8, J A Funston not being in town. Geo E Elwell was chosen temporary president of the board and C G Barkley temporary secretary.

The board proceeded to the election of a President for the ensuing or current year. Rev D J Waller, Sr., and M S Appleman, were nominated. M S Appleman declined to be considered as a candidate for the office, and his name being withdrawn, on motion made and duly passed the secretary was authorized to cast the ballot of the Board for the election of President. The secretary thereupon cast the ballot for President-Rev D J Waller, Sr., and he was declared duly chosen president for the ensuing year.

Upon motion duly made and carried the salary of the Clerk is fixed for the year at fifty dollars. Whereupon the board proceeded to the election of a Clerk. F P Billmeyer was nominated for the office, no other nominations being made, on motion duly made and passed the Secretary was authorized to cast the ballot of the board for the office of Clerk. The Secretary cast the ballot for Clerk—F P Billmeyer, and he was declared duly elected Clerk.

Upon motion Messrs. Little, Elwell and Barkley were appointed a committee on the matter of a charter.

Upon motion Messrs. Barkley, Moyer and Neal were appointed a committee on By-Laws.

Upon motion the Treasurer shall be required to give a bond in the sum of six thousand dollars as a security for funds which may come into his hands previous to the obtaining a charter and that upon a charter being obtained and By-Laws adopted he shall give such new bond as the board of directors shall require, the bond to be approved by the board.

Upon motion the Clerk was authorized to correspond with parties concerning the employment of a competent engineer to make estimates, &c., for the company.

Upon motion the Clerk was authorized to procure stock book, minute book, and other books needed, and also a seal.

Upon motion the Treasurer was authorized to collect the first installment of ten per cent. on stock subscribed by the twentieth of this month.

W Neal, David Lowenberg, L N Moyer, N U Funk, Peter Billmeyer and E K Rollins authorized and requested to act as a committee to procure additional subscriptions of stock so as to complete the full sum of $30,000.

R C Neal and L N Moyer were appointed a committee to inquire the price of pipe.

Adjourned to meet Wednesday afternoon at 2 o'clock at L E Waller's office.

C G BARKLEY,
Temporary Secretary.

THE REVIEW.

BERWICK, PA., Aug. 15, 1879.

TUBBS & CHAMBERLIN.—I have just received a telegram from Gen. Sigfried stating that the Inspection will be held at Bloomsburg on Tuesday Sept. 9th. As soon as I get a letter giving full particulars I will inform you. Meantime I would suggest that a "Committee of Arrangements" be appointed on part of the citizens to attend to such business as may be required. The Fair ground ought to be obtaining and put in shape—parties seen about horses &c. Please inform Beckley and Brockway as they want to make an item for the papers. I will not write anyone else at present, but expect you will inform all the gentlemen interested.

Yours truly,
C. G. JACKSON,
Quartermaster General.

BLOOMSBURG, Aug. 15, 1879.

In pursuance of the foregoing letter, the citizens of Bloomsburg, held a large and enthusiastic meeting in the parlors of the Exchange Hotel, to take action thereon.

On motion of W. C. McKinney, the meeting was organized, by the election of D. Lowenberg, President and W. H. Abbott Secretary.

On motion of J. C. Brown, a committee of arrangements, composed of nine were appointed as follows:

J. C. Brown, Chairman; W. C. McKinney, Peter Billmeyer, J. L. Girton, Col S. Knorr, Capt. U. H. Ent, M. C. Sloan, Sheriff J. W. Hoffman and D. Lowenberg.

M. W. Nuss, Secretary of the Columbia County Agricultural Society reported the use of the Fair Grounds, gratuitously for the use of the Brigade.

On motion the farther committees were appointed to procure horses for Gov. Hoyt and Satff, Gen Hartranft and Staff and Gen. Sigfried and Staff, viz: Hon. T. J. Vanderslice, Chairman; John W. Gibbs, W. Tubbs, Wm. Hart, Geo. W. Spalding, W. J. Buckalew, James Schuyler, Wm. Sterner, Amos Buckalew, Dr. H. W. McReynolds, Edward Rawlings all of Bloomsburg; B. F. Crispin, Berwick; Hon M. G. Hughes, Catawissa; Maj. I. H. Seesholtz, Catawissa; J. S. Bachman, Lightstreet; A. K. Smith, Jerseytown; Samuel H. Hagenbuch, Orangeville; John Appleman, Buckhorn; E. J. McHenry, Stillwater; M. Millard, Centre; Geo. W. Creveling, Afton; Daniel Hess, Mifflin.

Committee on Decoration, Geo. E. Elwell, Esq., Chairman; Hugh Buckingham, William B. Allen, N. U. Funk, Benjamin Vannatta and I. H. Seesholtz.

Committee on reception, Hon. Wm. Elwell, Chairman; I. S. Kuhn, D. Lowenberg, Hon. C. R. Buckalew, D. A. Beckley, Col. Samuel Knorr, W. H. Abbott, Geo. E. Elwell, Hon. F. L. Shuman, B. F. Crispin, W. H. Jacoby, Col. J. G. Freeze, Hon. I. K. Krickbaum, Wm. Neal, Hon. T. J. Vanderslice, E. W. M. Low and Hon. M. G. Hughes.

On motion it was unanimously resolved that a vote of thanks by the citizens of Bloomsburg, be tendered Col. C. G. Jackson, for his efforts in securing the holding of the inspection of the Third Brigade, National Guards of Pennsylvania, in this town and the Secretary be authorized and directed to notify Col. Jackson of the proceedings of the meeting.

On motion adjourned to meet at the same place, on Thursday Aug. 21, at 8:30 o'clock P. M.

D. LOWENBERG, President.

Attest.
W. H. ABBOTT, Secretary.

Chew JACKSON'S BEST Sweet Navy Tobacco.

Berwick, Pa., Aug 13th, '79.

MESSRS. EDITORS—Very little occurs at present in our vicinity to break the monotony of the midsummer month. The laborers toil busily day and night, without cessation, in the Foundry, Planing and Rolling mills. The never ceasing music from these mills lulls us to sleep in the evening, and in the morning it mingles with the mating songs of the birds. Prosperity, the long looked for boon pervades the atmosphere everywhere about our town, evincing itself into the sounds of hammer, saw and chisel that ring in the air day and night.

The disciples of Walton, up to the present time, in vain hath paraded up and down the riverside, seeking to tickle the dainty palate of the wily bass, with devil, muscle and crab. His denizen of the deep evadeth all the lures set for his captivity, and from live cool retreat leereth out of his left optic at the lonely fisherman basking himself in the Sun's effulgent rays.

The principal object of interest for the last week has been the camp meeting at Mountain Grove, a nearly two hours drive from here. Our town is not so well represented there as in former years, yet the tents are all occupied or nearly so. If the whole body of divines could be judged by the two sermons we heard the tenters must have been highly entertained. One of these we attentively listened to on Tuesday delivered by Mr. Lantz of Danville. His discourse was spirited and thoughtful, holding captive the attention of a large audience, upon whom it could not but make a deep impression spoken on it was with all the feeling and earnestness possible. This morning yet a grander discourse held the audience entranced by one known to a number of your readers and whom many heard in your town last winter on "Great Deeds of Great Men." I mean Dr. Fowler editor of the *Christian Advocate.* Late in the morning he came, illuminated the "stand" for a brief period, branding the minds of the attentive hundreds wish the fact that "Righteousness is profitable." His thoughts were noble, his illustrations beautiful and his power over the audience, the great key-note to success in oratory, wonderful. An hour and ten minutes he ruled in the hearts of his hearers, then said a hurried good-bye and the train bore him away.

The experiment of excluding the public on Sunday from the grounds seems to have been a success, while it does not give general satisfaction. Notwithstanding the vigilance of the officers several young men succeeded by strategy in affecting an entrance. Water carriers had the "open sesame," by hiring a bucket each and filling it with water. These wordly gentiles "played it" on the officers in a way that I despise. K. B.

FOR SALE.—Several good houses and lots in the town of Bloomsburg Pa. Inquire of Michael F. Eyerly at the office of Freeze and Eyerly, Bloomsburg.

Aug. 22 3-w*

PROPOSALS.

Notice is hereby given that propositions will be received from any and all persons in Schuylkill, Carbon, Northumberland, Columbia and Dauphin counties, for the donation of suitable grounds upon which to erect a State Hospital for injured persons, under the provisions of an act of the Legislature entitled "An Act to provide for the selection of a site and erection of a State Hospital for injured persons, to be located in the counties of Schuylkill, Carbon, Dauphin, Northumberland and Columbia, to be called the State Hospital for injured persons of the Anthracite Coal Regions, and for the management of the same, and making an appropriation therefor," approved the eleventh day of June A. D. 1879.

The above mentioned propositions will be received until Saturday, September 13, 1879, by the chairman of the Commission appointed by the Governor in pursuance of the above recited act, and all such proposals will receive full and due consideration.

Address,
D. A. BECKLEY, Chairman,
Bloomsburg, Pa.
GEO. S. HOLMES, Secretary.

TO THE EDITORS OF "THE COLUMBIAN."—It is a general rule that man when he selects a location for a permanent residence if it is possible selects a healthy locality, as health is desirable to happiness, combined with the religion of Jesus Christ the great King and head of the church. But there are also advantages arising out of such a location as to make it desirable, such as educational facilities, such we have in our State Normal School under its worthy Principal, Rev. D. J. Waller jr., and his able corps of Proffessors for the training of our young men and young women and fitting them for every department in the active business of life, and the public are forcibly impressed with the high standard of instruction which the institution pursues. Our common school system is also in a flourishing condition with their stately edifices and competent teachers, for every department. When I contrast the past when I received my education, the rude log house, the old ten plate stove, the rude benches on which we had to sit, how striking the picture of the past and the present! And yet in that day, we had teachers who could teach the young mind to shoot, whose rules where law, and who knew the art of governing a school. I do say that it is not the best educated men or women that are the most successful teachers. If they lack government it is a failure. There is also another advantage and a desirable one, and that is the Sanctuary privileges to which all have access. All classes can be accommodated, as to Denominationalism, the Episcopal, the Lutheran, the Reformed, Baptist, Presbyterian, the Methodist, the Evangelical, Christian and Catholic churches, with able and efficient ministers of the Gospel. All may go and hear and accept or reject. Our citizens are moral and I believe in proportion, to its population, there is not as large a Church going people in any town I know of. Such a place we have in our beautiful town of Bloomsburg. In connection with these advantages, we have one of the most beautiful resting places for the dead. The grounds are located on the north side of Bloomsburg on a high eminence overlooking the village and the surrounding country, and the beautiful Susquehanna river winding its way through the valley, striking the eye of the beholder, with a rich landscape. On the north western side, is a high ledge of Redshell, and the waters of Big Fishingcreek wash its base, as they pass on to the noble Susquehanna. With its beautiful evergreens which deck and adorn its grounds, I think it is one of the most beautiful resting places for the dead.

Having thus briefly given you an outline of the many advantages arising from such a location, and to substantiate the assertion I have in the majority of cases obtained personally, the ages of a long line of ancient worthys to present before you. To prove the longevity of our citizens, I have classified them in four classes. First class from sixty to seventy years, we have one hundred and thirteen persons, whose united ages foot up seven thousand, two hundred and eighty years. Second class from seventy to eighty years, we have fifty four persons, whose united ages are three thousand, nine hundred and thirty seven years. Third class we have sixteen persons from eighty to ninety years, whose united ages foot up one thousand three hundred and ninety three years. Fourth class we have two persons, the one ninety-one and the other ninety-two, whose ages, are one hundred and eighty-three years, making the sum total of one hundred and eighty five persons, within the Borough limits of Bloomsburg whose united ages foot up twelve thousand seven hundred and ninety three years. In population between four and five thousand inhabitants. It was asserted some nine or ten years ago in the Montrose *Democrat,* that Susquehannah county was the banner county, for the longevity of its inhabitants. I am not disputing the allegation. If there is any town in Pennsylvania with the same ratio of inhabitants can compete with the town of Bloomsburg, I should be glad to hear from it through the columns of the press, all of which is respectfully submitted by your friend and well wisher.

JOHN SNYDER, Sr.

EXPERIENCED DAIRYMEN

know that it is necessary to keep an even standard of their butter color the year round. Therefore when the color falls away in July and August they use Wells, Richardson & Co's Perfected Butter Color. It is a vegetable compound pure and harmless, and adds much to the value of Butter.

ORANGEVILLE ITEMS.

Our town now presents a very different aspect from what it has for the last six weeks. The opening of the Academy has made things very lively. Eightyseven students are present now and new ones are arriving daily. This is the largest opening that we have ever had at the Academy.

On Tuesday evening a Temperance lecture was delivered in the Union Church by Prof. Gardner of Conn.

Mr. & Mrs. Ingalls of Boston, who have been visiting Rev. Mr. Canfield, left for home on Wednesday morning.

Mrs. Margaret Ricketts of this place has had quite a severe attack of sickness, but is recovering now.

Mrs. Jacob Snyder who has been suffering for 9 weeks from a sprained ankle is beginning to get around again.

Capt. Conner has returned from Long Pond and is ready to take charge of the military company. The first meeting will be on Wednesday.

Jerome Megargell appears to be clerking for Low & Son.

We have been having some rainy weather of late but it appears to be over now.

REPORTER.

See a woman on horseback in another column, riding near Speer's Vineyards, with a bunch of Grapes from which Speer's Port Grape Wine is made, that is so highly esteemed by the medical profession for the use of invalids, weakly persons and the aged.

Sold by Druggists.

June 27 1-y.

FOR SALE.—A 4 A. fount of 25 line wood letter in excellent condition, at a low price. We offer it for sale because we have two fonts nearly alike and need but one. For inspection at the COLUMBIAN office.

tf.

NOW READY.

The laws and ordinances of the town of Bloomsburg in pamphlet form are now ready for sale at this office at 50 cents a copy. This work was undertaken by us at the suggestion of many prominent citizens, and has received careful attention in its preparation. Every owner of property, and every citizen who cares to know the laws under which he is living should have a copy. It will probably be many years before the work will be reprinted, and every one should secure it now, before the edition which is not very large, is exhausted. We have been amused by the silly talk of some our *enterprising* townsmen who say that we asked the town to help us out with a bad job by making an appropriation for some of these books. As the Council ordered a number of them before a single one was ready for sale it is not likely that this was the case. We had no means of compelling the Council to take what they did not want, but in the exercise of a wise discretion they took a few. This outlay will cost the town the enormous sum of two dollars and a half a year for the next ten years, which is furnishing members of Council with the laws which they are supposed to enforce at a reasonably low rate. Those who find fault with the council for such investments are men whose taxes are very small, and sometimes not paid at that.

A HINT TO WORKINGMEN.

The honest workingmen of the country, many of whom have large and increasing families to support, have been the chief sufferers from the great financial pressure under which we have labored for the last few years. Diminished wages have not been attended by a corresponding diminution in price of every thing which the workingman needs. Rents, fuel, food, and clothing, are cheaper, but these do not constitute all his necessities. It is sometimes necessary for him to employ a lawyer or a physician, yet the fee rates of physicians, and lawyers are as high as they were in "flush" times. Yet cheap medicines are as necessary as cheap rents or fuel. Cheap medicines are not necessarily poor medicines. It must be obvious to every intelligent persons that medicines, compounded and put up at wholesale, can be sold at much lower rates than when retailed from the doctor's pillbags. Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery and Pleasant Purgative Pellets have completely restored persons who had spent hundreds of dollars in vainly seeking relief from private practitioners, and all at a very slight expenditure.

COLLECTOR'S WARRANTS.—We have prepared a form, and have on hand a large quantity of blank "Collector's Sales," which have been approved by the highest legal authority in the Courts of this county. At *Twenty Cents* per dozen we mail any number to the Collector ordering them. A Collector, when compelled to advertise property, must post up not less than three notices in the most public places in his borough or township.

tf.

"Female complaints" are the result of impure blood. Use "Lindsey's Blood Searcher."

Marriages.

HELLER—BRIGGS—On Tuesday, August 19 1879, 5 p. m. at the Lutheran Parsonage, Main street, Bloomsburg Pa., by the Rev O D S Marclay, Mr. W S Heller, of Wapwallopen and Miss Frances B Biggs of Nescopeck, Pa.

Deaths.

FURMAN.—On the 2nd inst. Oren Bruce, son of E. R. & G. J. Furman aged 4 months and 22 days.

SNYDER.—In Franklin township on the 14th inst. Mr. Wm. H. Snyder, aged 34 years 7 months and 23 days.

HUGHES.—In same townshp on thei 15th inst., Estella M. Hughes daughter of H. F. & Marie R. Hughes, aged 9 months and 10 days.

Business Notices.

Boot headquarters at McKinney's.

Bradford County Butter always to be had at I. W Hartman's, (extra good.)

Lutz & Sloan have their new stock of Germantown Wool and sell it at 8 cents per oz.

Lots of dress goods very cheap at Clark & Son's.

Brown and Gray Cloakings for Ladies' at I. W. Hartman's.

Do not fail to price Lutz & Sloan's Black Silks if you want a dress.

Admission free at McKinney's.

The largest stock of corsets ever had by us, now in stock, new styles. Call and see Clark & Son.

New Fall Dress Goods at I. W. Hartman's.

Lutz & Sloan have about forty different shades of Colored Trimming Silks and Satins.

Cash paid for 1000 bushels of good white or yellow Oats at Light Street by

SILAS YOUNG.

July 18 3-w.

Ladies you can find a full line of "Columbia Yarns" the best made at Clark & Son's.

New Dark Calicoes at I. W. Hartman's.

McKinneys Shoe Store below Court House.

Rubbers at McKinney's.

Wanted, Good Wool at Lightstreet by Silas Young.

july 25, 4w.

More new dress goods, Prints, muslins, &c. at Clark & Son's.

Best White Dishes $3.75 per set at I. W. Hartman's.

A large assortment of new fall styles of Calicoes just received at Lutz & Sloan's.

Cash paid for good lambs and fat sheep at Light Street by

SILAS YOUNG.

July 18 2-m.

Want good live calves that weigh 120 lbs. to 125, 130, 140, 150, 160 and upward at Light Street by

SILAS YOUNG.

July 18 2-m.

"Wanted, 200 tons of good Rock Oak Bark by Silas Young, Lightstreet.

july 25, 4w.

We call the attention of Ladies to our best zephyr finished Germantown wool good as most zephyrs 12½ cents per ounce at Clark & Son's.

New lot of Black Cashmere at I. W. Hartman's.

New Canton and Wool Flannels at Lutz & Sloan's.

"A new lot of choice Mackerel in quarters, halves and barrels, just received which I will sell cheap for cash or produce. Silas Young, Lightstreet.

july 25, 4w.

Boots and Shoes cheap at McKinney's.

Lonsdale muslin yard wide for 9 cents per yard, or 8½ cents per yard by the piece, at Clark & Son's.

650 new articles this week on I. W. Hartman's five cent table.

A large assortment of new fall Dress Goods from a cheap Poplin to a fine Cashmere just received at Lutz & Sloan's.

Wanted this fall 2000 lbs of nice dried Raspberries, and 2000 lbs of nice dried pitted cherries for which I will pay the very highest market prices.

SILAS YOUNG.

July 18 4-m.

Call at McKinney's for Shoes.

Beautiful Silk Hats—New Soft Hats,
Wool Hats, Fur Hats,
For Men—for Boys—and Children
At the Popular store of
D. Lowenberg.

MARKET REPORTS.

BLOOMSBURG MARKET.

Wheat per bushel	$1.10
Rye "	.50
Corn, new, "	.45
Oats, " "	.32
Flour per barrel	6.00
Cloverseed	3.50
Flaxseed	1.50
Butter	.20
Eggs	.12
Tallow	.07
Potatoes	.50
Dried Apples	.04
Hams	12½
Sides & Shoulders	.09
Lard per pound	.07
Hay per ton	10.00
Beeswax	.25
Timothy Seed	2.00

QUOTATIONS FOR COAL.

No. 4 on Wharf	$ 2.00	per Ton
No. 5 " "	$ 2.75	"
No. 6 " "	$ 3.00	"
Blacksmith's Lump on Wharf	$ 3.00	"
" Bituminous "	$4 50	"

SHERIFF'S SALE

By virtue of sundry writs issued out of the Court of Common Pleas of Columbia county and to me directed, will be exposed to public sale at the Court House in the town of Bloomsburg, Columbia county, Pennsylvania, at one o'clock p. m., on

MONDAY, SEPTEMBER 1st, 1879.

All that certain lot of ground situate in the town of Bloomsburg in the county of Columbia and State of Pennsylvania, bounded and described as follows, to-wit: Fronting on Second street of said town, Millers alley on the east, Pine alley on the south and a lot of Joshua Fetterman on the west, containing sixty-six feet in width and two hundred and fourteen feet six inches in depth, whereon are erected a large three story brick tavern house with kitchen attached. Said house contains forty bed rooms, parlor, sitting room, dining room, bar room, office, restaurant, kitchen, wash-house, &c., also, a large barn, ice house, &c.

ALSO,

the following described lot of ground situate in the town, county and state aforesaid, adjoining Pine alley on the north, lot of Marthew Wynkoop on the west and south and lot of Mathew Wynkoop on the east, being about forty feet in width and about sixty feet in depth.

Seized, taken in execution at the suit of Alfred C. Gibson against John Laycock and to be sold as the property of John Laycock.

LITTLES, Attorneys. Fi. Fa.

ALSO,

All that certain lot, piece or portion of ground situate in the town of Bloomsburg, county of Columbia and state of Pennsylvania, bounded and described as follows, to-wit: Fronting on Seventh street on the south fifty feet, on the west by Iron street two hundred feet more or less, on the north by the Delaware Lackawanna and Western Rail Road fifty feet, on the east by lot of G. A. Potter two hundred feet more or less to the beginning, whereon are erected a two story frame dwelling house and out-buildings.

Seized, taken in execution at the suit of The Bloomsburg Mutual Saving Fund Association against G. A. Potter and David J. Waller and to be sold as the property of G. A. Potter and David J. Waller.

LITTLES, Attorneys. Plu. Fi. Fa.

ALSO,

All that certain lot, piece or portion of ground situate in the town of Bloomsburg, county of Columbia and state of Pennsylvania, bounded and described as follows, to-wit: Southwardly by Seventh street, eastwardly by lot of Pat. Markle, northwardly by the Delaware Lackawanna and Western Rail Road and westwardly by lot of said G. A. Potter and D. J. Waller, containing fifty freet front on Seventh street and two hundred feet in depth more or less, on which is erected a two story frame dwelling house and out-buildings.

Seized, taken in execution at the suit of The Bloomsburg Mutual Saving Fund Association against G. A. Potter and to be sold as the property of G. A. Potter.

LITTLES, Attorneys. Fi. Fa.

ALSO,

All that certain tract of land situate in Mifflin township, Columbia county, Pennsylvania, bounded and described as follows, to-wit: Beginning at a public road running from Abraham Schweppenheiser to George Nungesser Mill, thence north sixty-two degrees west eight perches to a stone, thence by land of Abraham Schweppenheiser north seventy-five degrees west eight perches to a stone, thence south six degrees east seven and eight-tenth perches to said road five perches and five tenths to the place of beginning, containing fifty-six perches more or less, on which are erected a frame dwelling house and out-buildings.

Seized, taken in execution at the suit of Jacob Penebecker against Aaron A. Bredbenner and to be sold as the property of Aaron A. Bredbenner.

IKELER, Attorney. Fi. Fa.

ALSO,

All that certain tract of land situate in Locust township, Columbia county and state of Pennsylvania, bounded and described as follows, to-wit: Beginning at a post in line of John P. Kegelriser south sixty-nine degrees west twelve and a half perches to stone, from thence along lands of Wright Hughes south one and a half degrees west sixty-two perches to a stone heap, from thence north eighty and one-fourth degrees east twenty-nine and a half perches to a post, from thence north twelve and a half degrees west sixty-four perches to the place of beginning, containing eight acres and seventeen perches more or less.

Seized, taken in execution at the suit of William J. Helwig, Trustee for Catharine Helwig, against Henry Helwig and to be sold as the property of Henry Helwig.

IKELER, Attorney. Plu. Fi. Fa.

All that certain piece of land situate in Benton township, Columbia county, Pennsylvania, bounded and described as follows, to-wit: On the north by lands of Samuel Appleman, on the east by lands of Jonas Rantz and the Benton Saving Fund Association, on the south by lands of Jonas Rantz and on the west by lands of Thomas Siegfried and Alfred Rantz, containing fifty acres more or less, on which are erected a frame house, barn and out-buildings.

Seized, taken in execution at the suit of A. P. Young, Administrator of Mercy Ann Roberts deceased, against John Rantz, Jonas Rantz and Abraham Hartman and to be sold as the property of John Rantz.

IKELER, Attorney. Fi. Fa.

ALSO,

All that certain piece of land situate in Benton township, Columbia county, Pennsylvania, bounded and described as follows: By lands of David Roberts on the north, of Michael Hartman on the east, of Joseph Butt on the south, and of John Roberts on the west, whereon are erected a plank dwelling house, a stable and other out-buildings, consisting of twenty-one acres more or less.

Seized, taken in execution at the suit of Graybill & Co., against Edward McHenry and to be sold as the property of Edward McHenry.

KNORR, Attorney. Vend. Ex.

ALSO,

All that certain piece or parcel of ground situate in Fishingcreek township, Columbia county, Pennsylvania, described as follows, to-wit: Bounded on the north by land of Lazarus and Thomas Hutchison, on the northeast by land of George Pealer, on the southwest by land of Philip Unangst and Edward Unangst, containing forty-seven acres and sixty-four perches, on which are erected a frame house, barn and out-buildings.

Seized, taken in execution at the suit of the Orangeville Mutual Saving Fund and Loan Association against William Unangst and to be sold as the property of William Unangst.

MILLER, Attorney. Al. Vend. Ex.

ALSO,

All that certain lot of ground situate in the township of Catawissa, Columbia county, Pennsylvania, bounded and described as follows, to-wit: Beginning at a corner of a lot of ground belonging to Sarah Hamlin in the north side of the public road leading from the town of Catawissa to McKelvy's mill and running from thence by said lot of Sarah Hamlin north fifty and a quarter degrees east one hundred and thirty-six feet, (136 ft.) to a corner of a lot of Rebecca Breish, thence by the same thirty-nine and three quarter degrees west forty-four feet, (44 ft.) to a post, thence by land of Catawissa Seminary Association south fifty and a quarter degrees west one hundred and twenty feet (120 ft.) to a post on the north side of the aforesaid public road, thence by the same south eighteen and a half degrees east forty-seven and a half feet (47½ ft.) to the place of beginning, whereon is erected a large two story frame dwelling house, kitchen and other out-buildings.

Seized taken in execution at the suit of Abraham V. Cool assigned to the Catawissa Deposit Bank against Jacob Ervin and to be sold as the property of Jacob Ervin.

FREEZE, Attorney. Vend. Ex.

ALSO,

All that certain piece of land situate in Mifflin township, Columbia county, Pennsylvania, described as follows, to-wit: Bounded on the north by lands of John Aten, east by H. Schweppenheiser, south by land of Thomas Aten and on the west by Charles Klingamon, containing one hundred and ten acres, more or less on which are erected a frame house, barn and out-buildings.

ALSO,

One tract of land situate in same township, bounded on the north and east by land of Thomas Aten, on the south by land of Michael Grover's heirs, on the west by land of William Parr, containing twenty-four acres more or less, on which are erected a frame house and out-buildings.

ALSO,

One tract bounded on the north by land of I. K. Schweppenheiser and Samuel Snyder, on the east by Lawrence Watters, on the south by Abraham Schweppenheiser and on the west by John Aten, containing thirty-four acres more or less, on which are erected a frame house, barn and out-buildings.

ALSO,

One tract of land bounded on the north by land of Stephen Gearhart and others, on the east by land of I. K. Schweppenheiser, on the south by land of John Aten and on the west by land of Joseph Gearhart, containing one hundred acres more or less, on which are erected a frame house, barn and out-buildings.

ALSO,

One lot of ground situate in the town of Mainville, Columbia county, Pennsylvania, bounded and described as follows, to-wit: Bounded by land of J. E. Longenberger and two public Roads, being a corner lot in said town, on which are erected a two story brick store house with the appurtenances.

Seized, taken in execution at the suits of Esther Gearhart and Columbia County Mutual Saving Fund and Loan Association against I. K. Schweppenheiser and to be sold as the property of I. K. Schweppenheiser.

LITTLE & MILLER, Attorneys.

ALSO,

All that certain tract of land situate in Fishingcreek township, Columbia county and state of Pennsylvania, bounded and described as follows, to-wit: Beginning at a chestnut oak corner of land late of George Cadwallader thence by the same south eighty-nine degrees east one hundred and thirty-one and six-tenth perches to a post, thence by land of James D. McHenry north one degree east sixty-four and three-tenth perches to a chestnut, thence by land of John Heller north eighty-nine degrees west one hundred and thirty-two and seven-tenth perches to a pine, thence by land of Phillip Appleman and said Cadwallader south sixty-four and three-tenth perches to the place of beginning, containing fifty acres more or less, on which are erected a log house, frame barn and out-buildings.

Seized, taken in execution at the suit of The Mutual Building and Saving Fund Association of Bloomsburg against John Drake, Lemuel Drake and Noah Drake and to be sold as the property of John Drake.

ROBISON, Attorney. Fi. Fa.
Terms cash. JOHN W. HOFFMAN,
Aug. 8, 1879-ts Sheriff.

COURT PROCLAMATION.

WHEREAS, the Hon. WILLIAM ELWELL President Judge of the Court of Oyer and Terminer and General Jail Delivery, Court of Quarter Sessions of the Peace and the Court of Common Pleas and Orphans' Court in the 26th Judicial District, composed of the counties of Columbia and Montour, and the Hons. I. K. Krickbaum and F. L. Shuman, Associate Judges of Columbia county, have issued their precept, bearing date the 17th day of May in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and seventy-nine, and to me directed for holding a Court of Oyer and Terminer and General Quarter Sessions of the Peace, Court of Common Pleas and Orphans' Court, in Bloomsburg, in the county of Columbia, on the first Monday, being the 1st day of Sept. next, to continue two weeks.

Notice is hereby given to the Coroner, to the Justices of the Peace, and the Constables of the said county of Columbia, that they be then and there in their proper person at 10 o'clock in the forenoon of said 1st day of Sept., with their records, inquisitions and other remembrances, to do those things which to their offices appertain to be done. And those that are bound by recognizance to prosecute against the prisoners that are or may be in the jail of the said county of Columbia, to be then and there to prosecute them as shall be just. Jurors are requested to be punctual in their attendance, agreeably to their notices. Dated at Bloomsburg the 17th day of May in the year of our Lord one {L. S.} thousand eight hundred and seventy-nine and in the one hundred and fourth year of the Independence of the United States of America.

Sheriff's Office, JOHN. W. HOFFMAN,
Bloomsburg, Aug. 8—te Sheriff.

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.

ESTATE OF S. M. ERVIN, DECEASED.

Letters of administration on the estate of S. M. Ervin, late of Mifflin township, Columbia co., deceased, have been granted by the Register of said county to the undersigned Administrator, to whom all persons indebted are requested to make immediate payment and those having claims or demands against the estate will make them known to the Administrator without delay.

ELEAZER SCHWEPPENHEISER,
Administrator.

Aug. 8, '79-6w

NOTICE.

The undersigned having obtained control of the Espy Ferry, has put it in thorough repair, a new wire having been obtained and it is now open to the public. The channel will be opened so that the river can be ferried at all times of the year, and night and day. Opposite Espy there are beautiful pic-nic grounds, well supplied with spring water, and secluded from interruption or annoyance.

DAVID GEISINGER,
Espy.

June 27th, 2m

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.

ESTATE OF S. S. BUNYAN, DECEASED.

Letters of administration on the estate of S. S. Bunyan, late of Madison township, Columbia county, deceased, have been granted by the Register of said county to the undersigned Administrators to whom all persons indebted are requested to make immediate payment and those having claims or demands against the estate will make them known to the Administrator without delay.

MARY ANN BUNYAN,
ELMER W. BUNYAN,
Administrators,
july 18, '79 6w. Jerseytown, Columbia Co., Pa.

Dauchy & Co's. Advt's.

FARMS $400 to $1000. JOIN OUR COLONY! Maps and pamphlets free. J. F. MANCHA, Claremont, Va. d aug. 15-4w

Enlarged May 1st, 1879. Price Unchanged. The only combination of the true Jamaica Ginger with choice aromatics and French brandy, for correcting intemperate habits, regulating the stomach and bowels, breaking up colds, chills and fevers, is SANFORD'S JAMAICA GINGER. For relieving gouty and rheumatic pains, preventing malarial fevers and promoting sleep it is truly wonderful. Ask for Sanford's. d aug. 15-4w

Many a Dollar formerly spent on expensive Sulphur Baths is now saved by substituting therefor

GLENN'S SULPHUR SOAP

which is just as beneficial but infinitely cheaper. Local diseases of the skin, rheumatism and gout are all relieved by this standard remedy. Complexional blemishes are eradicated by it, and it imparts to the cuticle a pearly whiteness and velvety softness which greatly enhances female charms. Sold by Druggists. aug. 15, 4w d

PIANOS and ORGANS. $1,100 Pianos only $222.50; $370 Organs only $96.25; $325 Organs only $73.75. Tremendous reduction during the Midsummer months. Having been Elected Mayor of my city and entrusted with its bonds should be sufficient proof of my responsibility. Latest circulars and Illustrated Newspapers free. Address DANIEL F. BEATTY, Washington N. J. aug. 1, '79-4w. d

AGENTS WANTED—For the best and fastest selling Pictorial Books and Bibles. Prices reduced 33 per cent. NATIONAL PUBLISHING CO., Philadelphia, Pa. d Aug. 1, '79-4w

$ 200 returns in 30 days on $100 invested. Official reports and information FREE. Like profits weekly on stock options of $10 to $50. Address T. POTTER WIGHT & Co., BANKERS, 35 Wall st., N. Y. d Aug. 1, -4w

BENSON'S
CAPCINE POROUS PLASTERS
—THE BEST.—
CURES LAME AND WEAK BACK
SOLD BY ALL DRUGGISTS.
aug. 1, '79-4w. d

JOHNSON'S ANODYNE
LINIMENT.
For Internal and External Use.

CURES—Neuralgia Diphtheria, Croup, Asthma, Bronchitis, Influenza, Sore Lungs, Bleeding at the Lungs, Chronic Hoarseness, Hacking Cough Whooping Cough, Chronic Rheumatism, Chronic Diarrhoea, Chronic Disentary, Cholera Morbus, Kidney Troubles, Diseases of the Spine and Lame Back. Sold everywhere.
Aug. 1, '79 4w. d

TWO ACRES OF DRY GOODS
READY FOR SPRING 1879
GRAND DEPOT
PHILADA
In the heart of the city—convenient to all the Railroad Stations—No up-stairs—Plenty of Light—A full million of dollars in stock to select from—Qualities and Prices guaranteed right—Goods can be returned and money refunded—Samples sent when written for.
John Wanamaker.

May 2, '79—

XX COT, PRICE (not painted, white Duck) $2.00 Makes a perfect bed—no mattress or pillows required—better than a hammock, as it fits the body as pleasantly, and lays straight. Folded or opened instantly, self-fastening; just the thing for hotels, offices, cottages, camp meetings, sportsmen, etc. Good for the lawn, piazza, or "the coolest place in the house." Splendid for invalids. Send for circulars. Sent on receipt of price, or C. O. D. For 50 cts. extra, with order, I will prepay expressage to any station on line of R. R. east of Mississippi River and north of Mason & Dixon line. For 75 cts. in Minn., Mo., and Iowa. HERMON W. LADD, 108 Fulton St., Boston; 207 Canal st., New York; 165 North Second St., Philadelphia.

August 8, 1879—4w.

Miscellaneous.

UNCLE SAM'S JURORS.

The following is the new law relating to the selection of Jurors:

SECTION 2. That the per diem pay of each juror, grand or petit, in any court of the United States shall be $2; and that all such jurors grand and petit, including those during the session of the Court shall be publicly drawn from a box containing, at the time of each drawing the names of not less than three hundred persons, which names shall have been placed therein by the Clerk of such Court and a Commissioner, to be appointed by the Judge thereof, which Commissioner shall be a citizen of good standing in the district in which Court is held and a well-known member of the principal political party in the district in which the Court is held opposing that to which the clerk may belong, the Clerk and said Commissoner each to place one name in said box alternately, without reference to party affiliations, until the number required shall be placed therein. But nothing herein contained shall be constructed to prevent any Judge from ordering the names of jurors to be drawn from the boxes used by the State authorities in selecting jurors in the highest Courts of the State; and no other person shall serve as a petit juror more than one term in any year and all juries to serve in Courts after the passage of this act shall be drawn in conformity herewith: Provided, That no citizen possessing all other qualifications which are may be prescribed by law shall be disqualified for service as grand or petit juror in any Court of the United States on account of race, color or previous condition of servitude.

THE OLD LAW.

The change enacted by the new law is most radical. Hitherto the jurors have been such persons as United States Marshals deemed it expedient to summon They could pack a jury to suit themselves, their friends or their enemies. There may not have been much wrong done in this respect in the North, but certainly there was at the South. The juries there in the Federal Courts, were made up entirely of Republicans, and generally of a very low order of men—negroes and petty scalawag officeholders. In a heat of political canvasses there was no chance for justice. The test oath and the power of the Marshals ruled Democrats out of the jury box. Juries hereafter in the South will be ecomposed of representatives of all political parties, and not Republicans alone.

HYDROPHOBIA.

THE DR. ABRAHAM SENSENY REMEDY SAID TO BE A CERTAIN PREVENTAVE.

The recent cases of hydrophobia resulting in death—that of a little girl, the daughter of a West Chester citizen, and the death of Levi Smith, near Mechanicsburg, a week ago—have awakened considerable interest and anxiety in the towns and cities throughout the state where dogs abound, and where there is no law or ordinance confining or muzzling them during the heated term. The Chambersburg *Daily Herald* of a recent date gives publicity to the following remedy for the prevention of the dreaded malady, and requests exchanges to give it a wide circulation to the fact that the cure can be had free of charge:

'The article on the prescription which has descended in the Senseny family, and which is warranted to cure the effects of the bite of a mad dog, has brought forth another claimant in the person of Miss Charlotte Senseny, a cousin of the Miss Matilda Sensenoy mentioned in the previous article. Her history of the legend is as follows: When Dr. Abraham Senseny, who came here in 1781, was attending medical lectures, a madman was brought to the college for treatment. While the class was eagerly watching the contortions of the man, Dr. Senseny kept his eyes on the lecturing physician, an old Frenchman. He watched the drugs he took, and the weights of each used, and noted them down. The medicine was mixed and given to the patient, and eventually he recovered. This prescription was carefully noted down, and afterwards used with good effect.

'When Dr. Abraham Senseny died, in 1844, a bottle of medicine was taken from a mantle in his house by Mr John Senseny, the doctor's son. It proved to be the hydrophobia cure of which his father had given the prescription. He resided on New England Hill and made quantities of the medicine.

'In the autobiography of Rev. Samuel Huber, an elder of the United Brethern church, edited by John Denig Esq., and printed in Chambersburg in 1858 by Messrs. Keiffer & Co., we find an allusion to the cure. On page 274 of the work Rev. Mr. Huber says: 'About three years ago I was bitten in the hand by a mad dog, and I feared that hydrophobia would ensue. I applied to Mr. John Senseny, now residing on New England Hill, Chambersburg. He gave me medicine which prevented any further injury. I would recommend persons under the circumstances to apply to him, as he has a certain cure for the bite of a mad dog.'

'At the death of Mr. John Senseny the receipt was given to Miss Charlotte Senseny, the present owner. She is now living in the family of Mr. Martin Brown, on West Queen street. She keeps the medicine on hand, and she will send a dose of it free of charge to any one bitten, whose friend will notify her by telegraph or letter. Her address is Miss Charlotte Senseny, box 351, Chambersburg, Pa.

'With two certain cures for the dread disease the Senseny's are well off.'

It is beautiful to see the affectionate interest with which the doctor of the period gazes upon the watermelon—when it is green. He regards it as the most feasible vegetable of the year.

Mr. Spurgeon's Pastor's College in London contains 100 students, and is in the receipt of 75 applicants for about 20 vacancies. It has sent out 428 students in the past 14 years, who have baptized 36,000 persons. Its object is to produce preachers rather than scholars.

A correspondent at Scranton, Pa., says that for the first time since the year 1837 there is a scarcity of laborers around the mines. This is due to the large number of men who have left the coal regions within the last two years for the West.

A painter's apprentice fell off a scaffold, with a paint pot in each hand. He was taken up insensible, but as soon as restored to consciousness he murmered, 'I went down with flying colors, anyhow.'

The idiot who teeters boats just to scare the passengers a little, you know, should be kicked overboard at sight. He has drowned scores of people every year, and now he should be summarily abated.

Why is it that the boy of ordinary mind would prefer to go in his everyday clothes and sit on a muddy bank fishing all Sunday rather than to sit on a nice dry seat in Sabbath-school for an hour dressed up in his best bib and tucker? Girls ain't that way.

TWO INDIAN LOVE AFFAIRS.

Mention the schools for Indians and others, which exist in Cornwall, Ct., some fifty years ago, a writer in *Sunday Afternoon* says:—

Among others who attended the mission school were two intelligent young men of the Cherokee tribe of Indians. One of them known among his people as Weite, received the name of Boudinot, from Elias Boudinot once governor of New Jersey and for a long time president for the American Bible Society. The young Indian, naturally gifted with pleasing address and manner, was welcomed into the best families of the village. His frequent calls at the home of a prominent resident in time gave rise to some neighborly gossip, but the social life of the parish, unusually so quiet and placid, was stirred to a fever heat when news spread far and near that he was about to marry one of the fairest and most cultured daughters in the place. Against the wishes of her parents and friends she persisted in her choice and the words were spoken that linked their fortunes for life. The companion of Boudinot the son of a Cherokee chief, was also enamored with the beauty of a maiden living near the village, and was equally successful in his suit. These love affairs seriously disturbed the feeling of the community, and hindered the progress of the school. The Indians with their brides returned to their nation, then occupying a portion of Georgia. Boudinot became conspicious among his people as a scholar, edited a newspaper, and during the administration of Andrew Jackson took a leading part in the arrangements by which the tribe were removed to Arkansas. Ridge, then one of the chiefs of the Cherokees, was in sympathy with this movement, but a strong party was opposed to leaving the burial places of their fathers. The disaffected portion of the tribe after the settlement in Arkansas denounced Ridge and Boudinot as traitors and untrue to the traditions of their people, and in their bitterness they clandestinely murdered them.

THE CLAWSON AND FULTZ WHEATS.

The following communication appears in the *Country Gentleman* of August 14th.

It is therefore but fair that I report the result of the experiment. The ground was fair in fertility—not extra—not manured for the wheat, but dressed with Crocker's (Buffalo) superphosphate in the drill at the rate of $3.90 per acre. About one third of each plant was underdrained, the rest not. The Clawson looked a little the thriftiest all the time, and when the wheat was ripe, it looked as if it would yield more than the Fultz. The wheat was all shipped to Gardner, Clark & York, commission merchants and proprietors of the grain elevator Cleaveland, O., and gave the following gross amounts per acre for the sales:

Clawson,	32 bushels per acre,	at	$1.00	$32 00
Fultz,	24 "	"	1.04	24 96

The number of bushels per acre may have varied *slightly* from the above figures, owing to the fact that, in threshing, the floor was not cleaned separately for each variety. But due allowance was made, and the variation could not, I think, be more than a bushel per acre, and was as likely to be one way as the other.

The Clawson, therefore, gets my vote. I shall sow no other kind this year, unless it be enough Fultz to repeat the experiment. Some of my neighbors last year claimed about even yield of the two side by side.

It is claimed, and I think truly, that the Fultz makes the best flour. But where one raises for sale, the only question, I think, should be, 'which brings the most dollars, net.' If a better kind of wheat or fruit is *less productive*, then if dealers and comsumsumers want it raised, they must pay enough higher prices to make up the difference in yield.

One reason why the Clawson yields better than the Fultz is that the kernels are so much larger. I tried the two last night on a druggist's most delicate scales. Thirty kernels of Clawson just balanced forty-one kernels of Fultz. This just about corresponds with the difference in yield. Of course, however, if as many pecks or pounds per acre are sown of one kind as the other there will be the most stalks and heads per acre of the Fultz, provided it 'stools out' as much as the Clawson. But to judge from the appearance, my Clawson had fully as many heads per acre, and the heads would average as many kernels each as the Fultz. I sowed 8 pecks per acre of Clawson and 7 of Fultz. Both came up fully thick enough both winter killed considerably on underdrained land, and both failed to stool out properly, on account of severe drouth at the time of stooling.

My opinion is that the Clawson is capable of a larger yield than the Fultz or any other kind I know, and will usually give it, if it has the same chance and sufficient seed to give the ground all it is capable of maturing. The largest yield I have ever seen recorded for the Fultz, was 49 bushels per acre, while my best three acres of Clawson last year yielded plump 61 bushels per acre.

If others have made a careful trial of the two kinds side by side with equal chance I for one shall be glad to hear the result, for we all want to know which it will, on the whole, pay the best to raise.

I wish to add that I have no seed to sell of either kind, having shipped and sold my entire crop at once, except seed and grist for myself. I mention this because orders for seed or letters of inquiry are already coming in considerable numbers, owing to my *last year's advertisement in the Country Gentleman.* I beg to inquire, Messrs. Editors, how many years the effects of a single advertisement in your columns are going to continue! Will it need a counter advertisement to stop the thing? Is it going to hang on like daisies of Canada thistles? Advertisers ought to understand this feature of the case and be a little cautious!

W. I. CHAMBERLAIN

Hudson, Ohio.

How to get sick.

Expose yourself day and night, eat too much without exercise; work too hard without rest; doctor all the time; take all the vile nostrums advertised; and then you will want to know

How to get well.

Which is answered in three words—Take Hop Bitters! See other column.

Miss Susan King recently saw the following advertisement in a country newspaper: 'How to get rich—A rare secret—Send twenty-five cents to George Fullerton, box 413, Portland, Me.' Prompted by curiosity, she forwarded the money and received the following reply: 'Work night and day and never spend a cent.'

GUILTY.—Anybody recommending a soothing remedy for children containing opium in any form is guilty of doing harm. Dr. Bull's Baby Syrup is warranted not to contain opiates and should therefore be widely recommended.

CATARRH

Sneezing Catarrh, Chronic Catarrh, Ulcerative Catarrh, permanently cured by

SANFORD'S RADICAL CURE.

SANFORD'S RADICAL CURE FOR CATARRH is a safe, certain, and permanent cure for Catarrh of every form, and is the most perfect remedy ever devised. It is purely a vegetable distillation, and is applied locally by insufflation, and constitutionally by internal administration. Locally applied, relief is instantaneous. It soothes, heals, and cleanses the nasal passages of every feeling of heaviness, obstruction, dullness, or dizziness. Constitutionally administered it renovates the blood, purifies it of the acid poison with which it is always charged in Catarrh, stimulates the stomach, liver, and kidneys, perfects digestion, makes new blood, and permits the formation of sound, healthy tissue, and finally obtains complete control over the disease. The remarkable curative powers, when all other remedies utterly fail, of SANFORD'S RADICAL CURE, are attested by thousands who gratefully recommend it to fellow sufferers. No statement is made regarding it that cannot be substantiated by the most respectable and reliable references. It is a great and good medicine, and worthy all confidence. Each package contains a Treatise on Catarrh and Dr. Sanford's Improved Inhaling Tube, and full directions for its use in all cases. Price $1.

An Enthusiastic Friend of Sanford's Radical Cure.

MCHATTON, GRANT & BOWEN'S FIRE AND MARINE INSURANCE AGENCY, 225 Pine Street, St. Louis, Mo., Feb. 7, 1877.

A. A. MELLIER, Washington Av., City.—Dear Mellier: I have for some years been troubled with Catarrh, and for the past two years have suffered seriously with it. Noticing your advertisement of SANFORD'S REMEDY (RADICAL CURE), I decided to try it. I have used only two bottles, and as a result I feel so much relieved that I [illegible] and write this to you and ask that you take some measures to get it more prominently before the public, that others may have such relief as I have. I have recommended it to quite a number of my friends, all of whom have expressed to me their high estimate of its value and good effects with them.

I really think it particularly adapted to wants of St. Louis people, and they all ought to know of it, and those who need it should try it. I will risk the assertion that 1000 1 oz. vials (as a sample) to be given away will sell as many bottles.

Try some plan. Let the people have it; they need it. I believe I could sell 500 bottles myself—of course you could largely increase this number. Why not try it? Yours truly, WM. BOWEN.

Sold by all Wholesale and Retail Druggists and Dealers in Medicine throughout the United States and Canadas. WEEKS & POTTER, General Agents and Wholesale Druggists, Boston, Mass.

LAME BACK AND RHEUMATISM

CURED BY

COLLINS' VOLTAIC PLASTERS.

Messrs. Weeks & Potter: Gentlemen,—One year ago I was seized with a severe attack of Rheumatism in my right hip, to which I was subject. I tried the various liniments and rheumatic cures, but without the least benefit, when my son, a druggist, suggested one of your COLLINS' VOLTAIC PLASTERS. The effect was almost magical, for, to my grateful surprise, I was almost immediately well again, and was able to work upon my farm as usual, whereas, before the application of the Plaster, I could do nothing, and every step gave me pain. A few weeks since, one year from the first attack, the disease returned, but I am happy to say the second Plaster proved as efficacious as the first, and I am now well. My wife wishes me to add that one Plaster has cured her of a very lame back. We think there is nothing in the world of remedies that can compare with the COLLINS' VOLTAIC PLASTERS for Rheumatism and Lame Back, and cheerfully recommend them to the suffering. Yours very respectfully,

ORLAND, ME., June 6, 1878. ROBERT COTTON.

NOT A QUACK NOSTRUM.

Gentlemen,—I hereby certify that for several years past I have used the VOLTAIC PLASTERS in my practice, and have never known them to fail in affording speedy relief in those cases for which they are recommended. They are not a quack nostrum, but a remedial agent of great value. Very truly yours,

W. C. COLLINS, M. D.

BUCKSPORT, ME., May 27, 1874.

PRICE 25 CENTS.

Be careful to obtain COLLINS' VOLTAIC PLASTER, a combination of Electric and Voltaic Plates, with a highly Medicated Plaster, as seen in the above cut. Sold by all Wholesale and Retail Druggists throughout the United States and Canadas, and by WEEKS & POTTER, Proprietors, Boston, Mass.

ANTI-FAT

ALLAN'S ANTI-FAT is the great remedy for Corpulency. It is purely vegetable and perfectly harmless. It acts on the food in the stomach, preventing its conversion into fat. Taken according to directions, **it will reduce a fat person from 2 to 5 pounds a week.**

In placing this remedy before the public as a **positive** cure for obesity, we do so knowing its ability to cure, as attested by hundreds of testimonials, of which the following from a lady in Columbus, Ohio, is a sample: "Gentlemen:—Your Anti-Fat was duly received. I took it according to directions and it reduced me five pounds. **I was so elated over the result that I immediately sent to ACKERMAN'S drug-store for the second bottle."** Another, a physician, writing for a patient from Providence, R. I., says, "Four bottles have reduced her weight from [illegible] pounds to 192 pounds, and there is a general improvement in health." A gentleman writing from Boston, says: "Without special change or attention to diet, two bottles of Allan's Anti-Fat reduced me four and one-quarter pounds." The well-known Wholesale Druggists, SMITH, DOOLITTLE & SMITH, of Boston, Mass., write as follows: "Allan's Anti-Fat has reduced a lady in our city seven pounds in three weeks." A gentleman in St. Louis writes: "Allan's Anti-Fat reduced me twelve pounds in three weeks, and altogether I have lost twenty-five pounds since commencing its use." Messrs. POWELL & PLIMPTON, Wholesale Druggists, of Buffalo, N. Y., write: "TO THE PROPRIETORS OF ALLAN'S ANTI-FAT: Gentlemen,—The following report is from the lady who used Allan's Anti-Fat. "It (the Anti-Fat) had the desired effect, reducing the fat from two to five pounds a week until I had lost twenty-five pounds. I hope never to regain what I have lost."" Anti-Fat is an unexcelled blood-purifier. It promotes digestion, curing dyspepsia, and is also a potent remedy for rheumatism. Sold by druggists. Pamphlet on Obesity sent on receipt of stamp.

BOTANIC MEDICINE CO., PROP'RS, Buffalo, N.Y.

WOMAN

By an immense practice at the World's Dispensary and Invalids' Hotel, having treated many thousand cases of those diseases peculiar to woman, I have been enabled to perfect a most potent and positive remedy for these diseases.

To designate this natural specific, I have named it

Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription

The term, however, is but a feeble expression of my high appreciation of its value, based upon personal observation. I have, while witnessing its positive results in the special diseases incident to the organism of woman, singled it out as **the climax or crowning gem of my medical career.** On its merits, as a positive, safe, and effectual remedy for this class of diseases, and one that will, at all times and under all circumstances, act kindly, I am willing to stake my reputation as a physician; and so confident am I that it will not disappoint the most sanguine expectations of a single invalid lady who uses it for any of the ailments for which I recommend it, that I offer and sell it under **A POSITIVE GUARANTEE.** (For conditions, see pamphlet wrapping bottle.) The following are among those diseases in which my **Favorite Prescription** has worked cures, as if by magic, and with a certainty never before attained by any medicine: Leucorrhea, Excessive Flowing, Painful Monthly Periods, Suppressions when from unnatural causes, Irregularities, Weak Back, Prolapsus, or Falling of the Uterus, Anteversion and Retroversion, Bearing-down Sensations, Internal Heat, Nervous Depression, Debility, Despondency, Threatened Miscarriage, Chronic Congestion, Inflammation and Ulceration of the Uterus, Impotency, Barrenness, or Sterility, and Female Weakness. I do not extol this medicine as a "cure-all," but it admirably fulfills **a singleness of purpose**, being a most perfect specific in all chronic diseases of the sexual system of woman. It will not disappoint, nor will it do harm, in any state or condition.

Those who desire further information on these subjects can obtain it in THE PEOPLE'S COMMON SENSE MEDICAL ADVISER, a book of over 900 pages, sent, post-paid, on receipt of $1.50. It treats minutely of those diseases peculiar to Females, and gives much valuable advice in regard to the management of those affections.

Favorite Prescription sold by Druggists.

R. V. PIERCE, M. D., Prop'r, World's Dispensary and Invalids' Hotel, Buffalo, N. Y.

KIDNEY-WORT

Permanently cures

LIVER COMPLAINTS, KIDNEY DISEASES, CONSTIPATION and PILES.

DR. R. H. CLARK, South Hero, Vt., says, "In cases of KIDNEY TROUBLES it has acted like a charm. It has cured many very bad cases of PILES, and it has never failed to act efficiently."

E. M. SUTTON, of Burlington, says, "As a Liver Invigorator it is without an equal. I use it to prevent and cure headache, and all billious attacks."

NELSON FAIRCHILD, of St. Albans, Vt., says, "It is of priceless value. After sixteen years of great suffering from Piles and Costiveness it completely cured me."

C. S. HOGABON, of Berkshire, says, "one package has done wonders for me in completely curing a severe Liver and Kidney Complaint."

IT HAS WONDERFUL POWER. WHY?

BECAUSE IT IS THE ONLY MEDICINE THAT ACTS ON THE LIVER, BOWELS AND KIDNEYS AT THE SAME TIME.

Because it cleanses the whole system of the poisonous humors that otherwise develope in Billiousness, Jaundice, Constipation, Kidney and Urinary diseases, or Rheumatism and Lumbago, and which in women, disorder every function and bring on weakness and disease.

If you want to be well in spite of yourself, use KIDNEY-WORT. It is a dry vegetable compound, and One package will make six quarts of Medicine.

Buy it at the Druggists.

h 7 1879.

SPEER'S

PORT GRAPE WINE

Used in the principal Churches for Communion purposes.

EXCELLENT FOR LADIES AND WEAKLY PERSONS AND THE AGED.

Speer's Port Grape Wine!

FOUR YEARS OLD

This Celebrated Native Wine is made from the juice of the Oporto Grape, raised in this County

It's Invaluable

Tonic and Strengthening Properties

are unsurpassed by any other Native Wine. Being the pure juice of the Grape, produced under Mr. Speer's own personal supervision, its purity and genuineness are guaranteed. The youngest child may partake of its generous qualities, and the weakest invalid use it to advantage. It is particularly beneficial to the aged and debilitated, and suited to the various ailments that affect the weaker sex. It is in every respect A WINE TO BE RELIED ON.

SPEER'S

P. J. Sherry.

The P. J. SHERRY is a Wine of Superior Character, and partakes of the golden qualities of the grape, from which it is made. For Purity, Richness, Flavor and Medicinal Properties, it will be found unexcelled.

SPEER'S

P. J. Brandy.

This BRANDY stands unrivaled in this Country, being far superior for medicinal purposes.

IT IS A PURE distillation from the grape and contains valuable medicinal properties.

It has a delicate flavor, similar to that of the grapes from which it is distilled, and is in great favor among first-class families.

See that the signature of ALFRED SPEER, Passaic N. J., is over the cork of each bottle.

SOLD BY C. A. KLEIM.

June 27, 1879-tf

REGISTER'S NOTICES.

Notice is hereby given to all legatees, creditors and other persons interested in the estates of the respective decedents and minors, that the following administration and guardian accounts have been filed in the office of the Register of Columbia county, and will be presented for confirmation and allowance in the Orphans' Court to be held in Bloomsburg, on Monday, the 1st day of Sept., 1879, at 2 o'clock, p. m. on said day:

1. The second and final account of William Maust and Joseph Maust, Executors of Joseph Maust, late of Madison township, deceased.
2. The first and final account of Amos Hochelsheifer, Guardian of Agnes Hochelsheifer, a minor child of Michael Hochelsheifer, late of Bloomsburg, deceased.
3. The account of E. R. Ikeler Executor of Thomas J. Thornton, late of Bloomsburg, deceased.
4. The second and final account of Ephraim P. Lutz, Executor of James Thornton, late of Bloomsburg, deceased.
5. The first and partial account of Theodore McDowell, Executor of John McDowell, late of Scott township, deceased.
6. The final account of A. Pardee, surviving Executor of William Robison, late of Bloomsburg, deceased.
7. The second and final account of Abner Welsh and Thomas McHenry, Executors of Hiram W. Kline, late of Orange township, deceased.
8. The first and final account of I. K. Krickbaum, Administrator of Margaret Karns, late of Benton township, deceased.
9. The second and final account of Josiah Coleman and Charles Coleman, Executors of Joseph Coleman, late of Fishingcreek township, deceased.
10. The first and final account of L. S. Wintersteen, Trustee, &c., of Silas E. Fowler, late of Scott township, deceased.
11. The account of John R. Moyer, Executor of John Hartman, late of Orange township, deceased, as filed by Charles A. Moyer, Administrator of John R. Moyer, deceased.
12. The final account of Isaac K. Dillinc, Guardian of Laura N. Drake, a minor child of Levi Drake, late of Putnam county, Ohio, deceased.
13. The first and partial account of Lloyd T. Conner, Administrator of Joseph P. Conner, late of Centre township, deceased.
14. The account of John Oliver, Administrator of John Boyer, late of Locust township, deceased.
15. The first and final account of William Shaffer, Administrator (cum testamento annexo) of Elizabeth Sutton late of Palmyra, Lee county, Illinois, formerly of Columbia county, Pennsylvania, deceased.
16. The first and final account of John G. Quick, Executor of Thomas Knorr, late of Bloomsburg, deceased.
17. The first and final account of John Appleman, Administrator of Charles Sage, late of Hemlock township, deceased.
18. The first and final account of B. P. Fortner, Administrator of Lewis Metz.
19. First and partial account of Henry J. Miller, Lloyd Miller and Wm. Krickbaum, Administrators of Benjamin Miller, late of Catawissa township, deceased.
20. First and final account of Benjamin F. Battin, Guardian of Grant P. Smith, deceased, a minor child of John P. Smith, late of Greenwood township, deceased.
21. First and final account of K. S. Cleaver, Executor of Lucy A. Uren, late of Catawissa township, deceased.
22. The first and final account of Richard F. Whitemoyer, executor of Elijah Snyder, late of Pine township, deceased.
23. First and final account of A. H. Abbott, Administrator of Julia A. Cromley, late of Franklin township, deceased.
24. First and final account of George B. Mears, Administrator of Samuel Mears, late of Locust township, deceased.

Register's Office, Bloomsburg, Aug. 1, 1-79. W. H. JACOBY, Register.

Aug. 1, '79-tc.

WIDOWS' APPRAISEMENTS.

The following appraisements of real and personal property set apart to widows of decedents have been filed in the office of the Register of Columbia county, under the Rules of Court, and will be presented for absolute confirmation to the Orphans Court to be held in Bloomsburg, in and forsaid county, on Monday, the 1st day of Sept, 1879, at 2 o'clock p. m., of said day unless exceptions to such confirmation are previously filed, of which all persons interested in said estates will take notice:

1. Widow of Silas D. Kline, late of Fishingcreek township, deceased.
2. Widow of George Paden, late of Beaver township, deceased.
3. Widow of John R. Moyer, late of Bloomsburg, deceased.
4. Widow of Jacob H. Coleman, late of Orange township, deceased.
5. Widow of Isaac Lutz, late of Mifflin township, deceased.
6. Widow of Gottlieb Gunther, late of Catawissa township, deceased.
7. Widow of Charles Howard, late of Orange township, deceased.
8. Widow of Anthony Snyder, late of Mifflin township, deceased.
9. Widow of S. S. Runyan, late of Madison township, deceased.
10. Widow of Reuben Bredbenner, late of Beaver township, deceased.

Register's Office, Bloomsburg, Aug. 1, 1879. W. H. JACOBY, Register.

Aug. 1, '79-tc.

ORPHANS' COURT SALE

OF VALUABLE

REAL ESTATE!!

The undersigned Administrator of Sarah Summers, late of Hemlock township, deceased, will expose to public sale on the premises at 2 o'clock p. m. on

Saturday, August 23d, 1879,

the following described real estate situate in Hemlock township, Columbia county, Pennsylvania, bounded and described as follows, to-wit: On the southeast by lot of M. G. Shoemaker, on the northwest by lot of John Pooley, on the southwest by the public street of the Town of Buckhorn and on the northeast by land of W. F. Fruit, containing

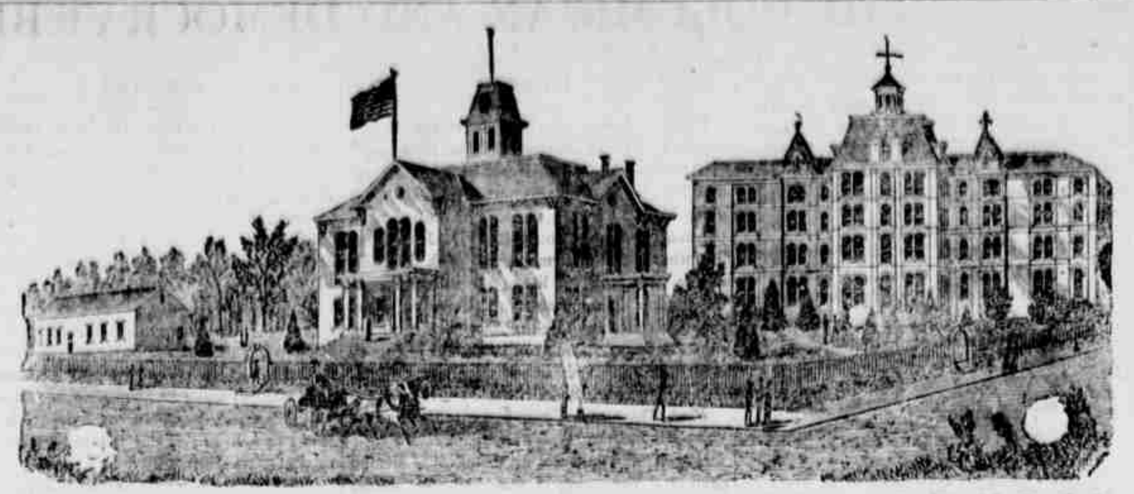
One Quarter of an Acre

more or less

TERMS OF SALE.—Ten per cent. of the one-fourth of the purchase money to be paid at the striking down of the property, the one-fourth less the ten per cent at the confirmation of sale and the remaining three-fourths in one year thereafter with interest from confirmation nisi.

N. P. MOORE,
Administrator.
Buck Horn.

July 25, ts.



BLOOMSBURG STATE NORMAL SCHOOL

SIXTH NORMAL SCHOOL DISTRICT.

Bloomsburg, Columbia County, Pennsylvania.

Rev. D. J. WALLER, Jr., A. M., Principal.

THIS SCHOOL, as at present constituted, offers the very best facilities for Professional and Classical learning.

Buildings spacious, inviting and commodious; completely heated by steam, well ventilated, lighted by gas, and furnished with a bountiful supply of pure, soft spring water.

Location healthful, and easy of access. Teachers experienced, efficient, and alive to their work. Discipline, firm but kind, uniform and thorough. Expenses moderate. Fifty cents a week deduction to all expecting to teach. Students admitted at any time. Rooms reserved when desired.

Courses of study prescribed by the State:

I. Model School. II. Preparatory. III. Elementary. IV, Classical.

Adjunct Courses: I Academic. II. Commercial. III. Course in Music. IV. Course in Art. V. Course in Physical Culture.

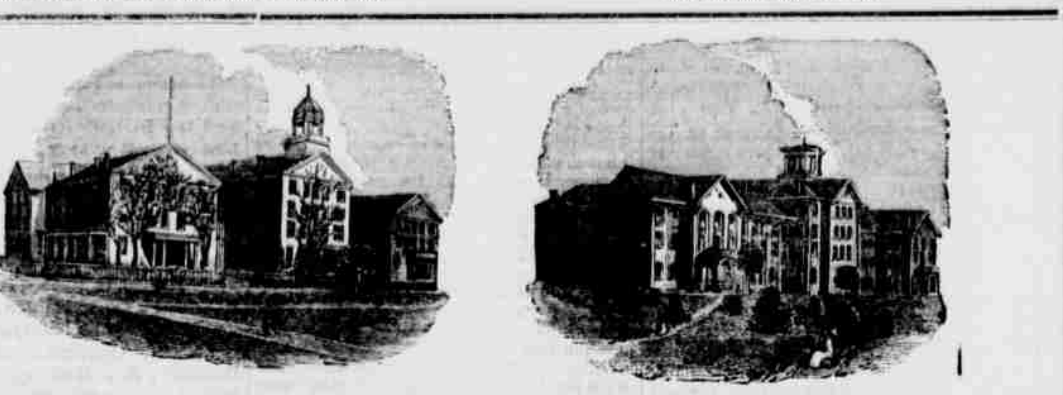
The Elementary, Scientific and Classical Courses are PROFESSIONAL, and Students graduating therein, receive State Diplomas, conferring the following corresponding Degrees: Master of the Elements; Master of the Sciences; Master of the Classics. Graduates in the other Courses receive Normal Certificates of their attainments, signed by the Officers of the Board of Trustees.

The course of Study prescribed by the State is liberal, and the Scientific and Classical courses are not inferior to those of our best Colleges.

The State requires a higher order of citizenship. The times demand it. It is one of the prime objects of this School to help to secure it, by furnishing intelligent and efficient Teachers for her Schools. To this end it solicits young persons of good abilities and good purposes,—those who desire to improve their time and their talents, as students. To all such it promises aid in developing their powers, and abundant opportunities for well paid labor after leaving School. For Catalogue, address the Principal.

HON. WILLIAM ELWELL, President Board of Trustees. F. P. BILLMYER, Secretary.

Sept. 8, '76.-



WYOMING SEMINARY AND COMMERCIAL COLLEGE.

The Seminary offers to students the following Courses of Study: Common English, Normal Course, Literature and Science, Classical Course, College Preparatory Course, Course in Music, and Course in Art. Students not desiring to take any one of the Courses of Study may take any studies which they are prepared to enter. Prices within the reach of all.

The Commercial College gives instruction in Penmanship, Commercial Law, Political Economy, Commercial Arithmetic, Business Correspondence, Telegraphy, and Book-keeping as applied to business of all kinds. The larger part of the instruction is given through actual business transactions. Diligent students graduate in fourteen weeks. The reduced price of tuition is exceedingly low.

Fall Terms open Aug. 27th. Commercial students address REV. L. L. SPRAGUE, A. M., and all others REV. D. COPELAND, D. D., Kingston, Luzerne County, Pa.

July 18, 6w.

WHAT TO WEAR AND HOW TO WEAR IT.

FOR SPRING—FOR SUMMER.

CALL AND SEE THE

NEW GOODS AND LATEST STYLES

AT THE LOWEST PRICES.

Consisting of an elegant line of Cloths—Diagonal and Cassemeres of English, French, German and Domestic manufacture,

FOR DRESS SUITS, FOR BUSINESS SUITS, &c.

—:o:—

The Ready Made Department

Is now replete with all the LATEST NOVELTIES at VERY LOW PRICES.

THE GENTS'

FURNISHING DEPARTMENT

Is now full of the latest styles of

Neck-wear, Collars, Gloves, Scarfs, Half Hose, Hats, Caps, &c.

THE

PEARL SHIRT

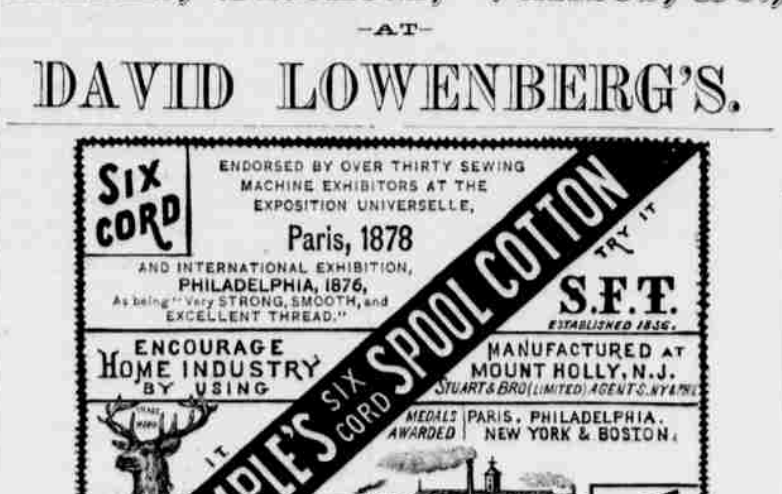
ALWAYS ON HAND.

HEADQUARTERS FOR

Trunks, Satchels, Valises, &c.,

—AT—

DAVID LOWENBERG'S.



SIX CORD

ENDORSED BY OVER THIRTY SEWING MACHINE EXHIBITORS AT THE EXPOSITION UNIVERSELLE, Paris, 1878 AND INTERNATIONAL EXHIBITION, PHILADELPHIA, 1876, As being "Very STRONG, SMOOTH, and EXCELLENT THREAD."

ENCOURAGE HOME INDUSTRY BY USING

SEMPLE'S SIX CORD SPOOL COTTON

TRY IT

S.F.T. ESTABLISHED 1836.

MANUFACTURED AT MOUNT HOLLY, N.J. STUART & BRO (LIMITED) AGENTS, N.Y. & PHIL.

MEDALS AWARDED | PARIS, PHILADELPHIA, NEW YORK & BOSTON.

SOFT FINISH

April 18, '79-1y

PATENTS

obtained for new inventions, or for improvements on old ones, for medical or other compounds, trademarks and labels. Caveats, Assignments, Interferences, Appeals, Suits for Infringements, and all cases arising under the Patent Laws, promptly attended to. Inventions that have been

REJECTED

by the Patent Office may still, in most cases, be patented by us. Being opposite the U. S. Patent Department, and engaged in Patent business exclusively, we can make closer searches, and secure Patents more promptly, and with broader claims, than those who are remote from Washington.

INVENTORS

send us a model or sketch of your device; we make examinations and advise as to patentability, free of charge. All correspondence strictly confidential. Prices low, and NO CHARGE UNLESS PATENT IS SECURED.

We refer in Washington, to Hon. Postmaster General D. M. Key, Rev. F. D. Power, The German-American National Bank, to officials in the U. S. Patent Office, and to Senators and Representatives in Congress; and especially to our clients in every State in the Union and in Canada. Address

C. A. SNOW & CO

Opposite Patent Office, Washington, D. C.

JOB PRINTING

Neatly and cheaply executed at the COLUMBIAN Office.

KENDALL'S SPAVIN CURE. This is a remarkable medicine will cure spavin, Splint, Curb, Callous, &c., or any enlargement AND WILL REMOVE THE BUNCH WITHOUT BLISTERING or causing a sore. No remedy ever discovered equals it for certainty of action in stopping the lameness and removing the bunch. Price $1.00. Send for circular giving PROOF. Sold by druggists, or sent to any address by the inventor, B. J. Kendall, M. D., Enosburgh Falls, Vt. Moyer Bros. Agents Bloomsburg, Pa.

May 23, '79-1y s w

HORSE BOOK. Send 25 cents in stamps or currency for a new HORSE BOOK. It treats of all diseases, has 35 fine engravings showing positions assumed by sick horses, a table of doses, a large collection of VALUABLE RECIPES, rules for telling the age of a horse, with an engraving showing teeth of each year and a large amount of valuable horse information. Dr. Wm. H. Hall says, "I have bought books that I paid $5 and $10 for which I do not like as well as I do yours." SEND FOR A CIRCULAR. Agents Wanted. B. J. Kendall, M. D., Enosburgh Falls, Vt.

May 9, '79-1y

ESPY PLANING MILL.

The undersigned lessee of the Espy Planing Mill, is prepared to do all kinds of mill work.

Doors, Frames, Sash, Blinds, etc.

made to order on short notice. Satisfaction guaranteed.

CHARLES KRUG,
Bloomsburg, Pa.

C. E. SAVAGE,

DEALER IN

Silverware. Watches, Jewelry. Clocks. &c.

☞ Removed to the Post Office building, first door above the Exhange Hotel.

All kinds of Watches, Clocks and Jewelry neatly repaired and warranted.

may 17, '78-tf

◆◆ VALUABLE TRUTHS. ●●

If you are suffering from poor health, or languishing on a bed of sickness, take cheer, for **Hop Bitters will Cure You.**

If you are a minister, and have overtaxed yourself with your pastoral duties; or a mother, worn out with care and work, or if you are simply ailing; if you feel weak and dispirited, without clearly knowing why, **Hop Bitters will Restore You.**

If you are a man of business, weakened by the strain of your everyday duties; or a man of letters, toiling over your midnight work, **Hop Bitters will Strengthen You.**

If you are young, and suffering from any indiscretion, or are growing too fast, as is often the case, **Hop Bitters will Relieve You.**

If you are in the workshop, on the farm, at the desk, anywhere, and feel that your system needs cleansing, toning or stimulating, without intoxicating, **Hop Bitters is What You Need.**

If you are old, and your pulse is feeble, your nerves unsteady, and your faculties waning, **Hop Bitters will give you New Life and Vigor.**

HOP COUGH CURE is the sweetest, safest and best. Ask Children.

The Hop Pad for Stomach, Liver and Kidneys is superior to all others. It is perfect. Ask Druggists.

D. I. C. is an absolute and irresistable cure for drunkenness, use of opium, tobacco and narcotics.

All above sold by druggists. Hop Bitters Mfg. Co. Rochester, N.Y.

May 2, '79-tf.

THIS PAPER may be found on file at Geo. P. Rowell & Co's Newspaper Advertising Bureau (10 Spruce Street), where advertising contracts may be made for it IN NEW YORK.

feb. 14, '77-tf

NEW HOME SEWING MACHINE
BEST IN THE WORLD
AGENTS WANTED EVERYWHERE
ADDRESS JOHNSON, CLARK & CO.
30 UNION SQUARE
NEW YORK.
ORANGE MASS.
CHICAGO ILLS.

Feb.7, '79-1y

PAINTING

AND

Paper Hanging.

WM. F. BODINE,

IRON ST., BELOW SECOND, BLOOMSBURG, PA.

is prepared to do all kinds of

HOUSE PAINTING

Plain and Ornamental,

PAPER HANGING,

BOTH DECORATIVE AND PLAIN.

All kinds of Furniture Repaired, and made as good as new.

NONE BUT FIRST-CLASS WORKMEN EMPLOYED

Estimates Made on all Work.

WM. F. BODINE.

Oct. 1, 1878.

JOB PRINTING

OF EVERY DESRIPTION

EXECUTED PROMPTLY

AT THE COLUMBIAN OFFICE

THIS PAPER IS ON FILE WITH

ROWELL & CHESMAN Advertising Agents,

THIRD & CHESTNUT STS., ST. LOUIS, MO.

OLD AND RELIABLE.

DR. SANFORD'S LIVER INVIGORATOR is a Standard Family Remedy for diseases of the Liver, Stomach and Bowels.—It is Purely Vegetable.—It never Debilitates—It is Cathartic and Tonic.

TRY IT

SANFORD'S

To Have Good Health, the Liver must be kept in order; its unhealthy action causes Billious Attacks, Jaundice, Constipation, Dyspepsia, Headache, Bowel Complaints, Seasickness, and other Disorders.

LIVER

The Liver is the seat of malarial diseases. The Liver Invigorator protects the system from Miasmatic Influences. It Purifies the Blood, Regulates the Bowels, Assists Digestion, and Strengthens the System.

INVIGORATOR

The Liver Invigorator has been used in my practice and by the public, for more than 35 years, with unprecedented results.

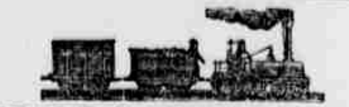
SEND FOR CIRCULAR.

S. T. W. SANFORD, M.D., 162 BROADWAY, NEW YORK CITY

ANY DRUGGIST WILL TELL YOU ITS REPUTATION.

April 18, '79-1y.

RAIL ROAD TIME TABLES



NORTHERN CENTRAL RAILWAY

SUMMER TIME TABLE.

On and after Sunday, June 29, 1879, the trains on the Philadelphia & Erie Rail road Division will run as follows:

WESTWARD.

Erie Mail leaves Philadelphia	11 55 p m
" " Harrisburg	4 25 a m
" " Williamsport	8 35 a m
" " Jersey Shore	9 07 a m
" " Lock Haven	9 40 a m
" " Renovo	11 00 a m
" arrive at Erie	7 35 p m
Niagara Express leaves Philadelphia	8 30 a m
" Harrisburg	11 45 a m
arr. at Williamsport	2 35 p m
" Lock Haven	3 55 p m
" Renovo	5 25 p m
Fast Line leaves Philadelphia	11 45 a m
" Harrisburg	3 35 p m
" arrive at Williamsport	7 25 p m
" Lock Haven	8 40 p m

EASTWARD.

Pacific Express leaves Lock Haven	6 40 a m
" Jersey Shore	7 15 a m
" Williamsport	7 55 a m
" arrive at Harrisburg	11 45 a m
" Philadelphia	3 15 p m
Day Express leaves Renovo	10 05 a m
" Lock Haven	11 20 a m
" Williamsport	12 40 p m
" arrive at Harrisburg	4 10 p m
" Philadelphia	7 20 p m
Erie Mail leaves Renovo	8 50 p m
" Lock Haven	10 00 p m
" Williamsport	11 20 p m
" arrives at Harrisburg	3 00 a m
" Philadelphia	7 40 a m
Fast Line leaves Williamsport	12 35 a m
" arrives at Harrisburg	3 55 a m
" Philadelphia	7 40 a m

Erie Mail west and Day Express East make close connections at Northumberland with L. & B. R. R. trains for Wilkesbarre and Scranton.

Erie Mail West, Niagara Express West and Fast Line West make close connection at Williamsport with N. C. R. W. trains north.

Niagara Express West and Day Express East make close connection at Lock Haven with B. E. V. R. R. trains.

Erie Mail east and West connect at Erie with trains on L. S. & M. S. R. R.; at Corry with O. C. & A. V. R. R.; at Emporium with B. N. Y. & P. R. R. and at Driftwood with A. V. R. R.

Parlor cars will run between Philadelphia and Williamsport on Niagara Express west, Erie Express west, Philadelphia Express east, Day Express east and Sunday Express east. Sleeping cars on all night trains.

WM. A. BALDWIN,
General Supt.

NORTHERN CENTRAL RAILWAY COMPANY.

On and after November 20th, 1873, trains will leave Sunbury as follows:

NORTHWARD.

Erie Mail 5.20 a. m., arrive Elmira.......... 11 .5
" Canandaigua... 3.35 p. m
Rochester...... 5.15 "
Niagara........ 9 40 "

Renovo accommodation 11.10 a. m. arrive Williamsport 12.55 p. m.

Elmira Mail 4.15 a. m., arrive Elmira 10.20 a. m.

Buffalo Express 7.15 a. m. arrive Buffalo 8.50 a. m

SOUTHWARD.

Buffalo Express 2.50 a. m. arrive Harrisburg 4.50 a.
" Baltimore 8.40 "

Elmira Mail 11.15 a. m., arrive Harrisburg 1.50
" Washington 10.30 "
" Baltimore 6.30 "
" Washington 8.30 "

Harrisburg accommodation 8.40 p. m. arrive Harrisburg 10.50 p. m.
arrive Baltimore 2.25 a. m.
" Washington 6.13 "

Erie Mail 12.55 a. m. arrive Harrisburg 3.05 a. m.
" Baltimore 8.40 "
" Washington 10.35 "

All daily except Sunday.

D. M. BOYD, Jr., General Passenger Agent
A. J. CASSATT, General Manager

PHILADELPHA AND READING ROAD

ARRANGEMENT OF PASSENGER TRAINS.

May 11, 1879.

TRAINS LEAVE RUPERT AS FOLLOWS (SUNDAY EXCEPTED)

For New York, Philadelphia, Reading, Pottsville Tamaqua, &c., 11,45 a. m

For Catawissa, 11,45 a. m. 7,21 and 7,35 p. m.

For Williamsport, 6,28 9,05 a. m. and 4,06 p. m.

TRAINS FOR RUPERT LEAVE AS FOLLOWS, (SUNDAY EXCEPTED.)

Leave New York, 8,45 a. m.

Leave Philadelphia, 9,45 a. m.

Leave Reading, 11,55 a. m., Pottsville, 12,30 p. m and Tamaqua, 1,25 p. m.

Leave Catawissa, 6,20 8,50 a. m. and 4,00 p. m.

Leave Williamsport 9,45 a.m, 2,15 p. m. and 4,50 p. m.

Passengers to and from New York and Philadelphia go through without change of cars.

J. E. WOOTTEN,
General Manager.

C. G. HANCOCK,
General Ticket Agent.
Jan. 14, 1876-tf.

DELAWARE, LACKAWANNA AND WESTERN RAILROAD.

BLOOMSBURG DIVISION.

Time-Table No. 39, Takes effect at 4:30 A. M MONDAY, JUNE 10, 1878.

NORTH.			STATIONS.	SOUTH.		
p.m.	p.m.	a.m.		a.m.	p.m.	p.m.
9 30	4 12	9 40	Scranton	9 35	2 10	6 12
9 23			Bellevue		2 16	6 20
9 17		9 27	Taylorville	9 45	2 22	6 25
9 08		9 30	Lackawanna		2 30	6 34
8 58	3 51	9 24	Pittston	9 58	2 38	6 40
8 51	3 46	9 19	West Pittston		2 44	6 45
8 46	3 41	9 14	Wyoming	10 07	2 49	6 50
	12 41		Maltby		2 53	6 55
	12 36		Bennett		2 57	6 59
8 33	3 30	9 04	Kingston	10 18	3 05	7 10
8 13	3 10	8 44	Kingston	10 33	3 15	7 15
			Plymouth Junc.		3 10	7 18
8 23	3 20	8 55	Plymouth	10 29	3 15	7 23
			Avondale		3 21	7 33
8 12	3 12	8 47	Nanticoke	10 34	3 26	7 43
8 04	3 04	8 39	Hunlock's Creek	10 42	3 35	8 04
7 51	2 51	8 28	Shickshinny	10 55	3 50	8 28
7 38	2 39	8 17	Hick's Ferry	11 07	4 03	8 45
7 32	2 34	8 12	Beach Haven	11 13	4 10	8 51
7 25	2 28	8 06	Berwick	11 20	4 18	9 05
7 18			Briar Creek		4 25	9 13
7 14			Willow Grove		4 29	9 23
7 10			Lime Ridge		4 33	9 30
7 02	2 04	7 44	Espy	11 39	4 42	9 44
6 56	1 57	7 38	Bloomsburg	11 45	4 49	9 50
6 50	1 51	7 33	Rupert	11 51	4 55	9 52
6 45	1 46	7 29	Catawissa Bridge	11 57	5 00	9 50
6 27	1 27	7 11	Danville	12 15	5 18	9 31
			Chulasky		5 18	9 18
6 15			Cameron		5 30	9 50
6 00	1 00	6 45	Northumberland	12 45	5 45	9 50
p.m.	p.m.	a.m.		p.m.	p.m.	a.m

W. F. HALSTEAD, Supt.

Superintendent's Office, Scranton, June 10, 1878.

WAINWRIGHT & CO.,

WHOLESALE GROCERS,

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N. E. Corner Second and Arch streets.

☞ Orders will receive prompt attention.

LEGAL BLANKS OF ALL KINDS ON HAND AT THE COLUMBIAN OFFICE